1 Tuesday, 3rd March 1998 2 (10.00 am)3 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Please have the accused 4 brought in. (The accused entered court) 5 6 Good morning, ladies and gentlemen. We are 7 here to continue our sitting in this case and simply for the transcript, I turn towards the Prosecutor. We 8 all know each other very well, but still. 9 10 MR. NIEMANN: Yes, your Honours. If you 11 please, my name is Mr. Niemann, I appear with my 12 colleagues, Mr. Meddegoda and Mr. Marchesiello and 13 Ms. Erasmus. 14 JUDGE RODRIGUES: For the Defence, 15 Mr. Mikulicic. 16 MR. MIKULICIC: Good morning, your Honours. 17 My name is Mr. Mikulicic and I appear together with my colleague, Mr. Joka, on behalf of the Defence. 18 19 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Thank you very much. 20 I think that we can continue with yesterday's witness. 21 MR. NIEMANN: Your Honour, before the witness 22 comes in, I would like to give an indication to your 23 Honours at this stage in the proceedings of witnesses 24 that we have left available this week. 25 At the moment, we anticipate having available 1 for the continuation of the week eight witnesses. We
2 do not think that will be enough to consume the full
3 time that we have available. I might indicate that we
4 started off with a list of 24 and that has been
5 depleted savagely to at least half of that, by
6 a variety of reasons, but that is what we are left with
7 despite our best endeavours.

8 I think we will proceed, probably with a full 9 witness list, until Thursday. Then Thursday I think we 10 may only have one witness on Thursday and on Friday we 11 may only have two. I indicate that at this stage, your 12 Honours.

JUDGE RODRIGUES: Will the testimonies be completed by Friday morning, Mr. Prosecutor? Will we have finished with the witnesses by then, that you have indicated for this week, because the Trial Chamber cannot sit on Friday afternoon?

18 MR. NIEMANN: I see, yes. Well, we can 19 probably accommodate that, your Honours, if your 20 Honours cannot sit Friday afternoon. That would be 21 convenient from our point of view.

22 We will have further witnesses in the next 23 section. We tried to bring -- there is a week in 24 March, at the end of March, which we tried to bring 25 some of those witnesses forward but we just cannot

1 achieve that, unfortunately. We will still be calling evidence in this week. This is eight witnesses for 2 3 this week, it will conclude all the witnesses we intended to call and we will keep in mind that your 4 5 Honours are not available on Friday afternoon. I think that will now make it that we will be able to be kept 6 7 busy for the whole time, hopefully. JUDGE RODRIGUES: That is fine, Mr. Niemann. 8 9 Thank you. 10 MR. MEDDEGODA: Your Honours, before the 11 witness is brought in, can we bring down the curtains? 12 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Usher, can you pull down 13 the curtains, please? 14 (The witness entered court) 15 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Good morning, Witness H. 16 Good morning. Α. 17 JUDGE RODRIGUES: We are going to continue to hear your testimony. I should like to remind you that 18 yesterday you took a solemn oath, according to which 19 you told us that you would tell us the truth, the whole 20 21 truth and nothing but the truth. 22 Are you now in the same state of mind for us 23 to be able to continue? 24 Α. Yes. 25 JUDGE RODRIGUES: You are now going to answer

1 questions put to you by Mr. Mikulicic.

2 Mr. Mikulicic, you have the floor, please. 3 WITNESS H (continued) Cross-examined by MR. MIKULICIC 4 MR. MIKULICIC: Thank you, your Honour. Good 5 morning, your Honours. Good morning, learned 6 colleagues, good morning, Witness H. 7 8 My name is Mr. Mikulicic, I am Defence counsel 9 for the accused in this case. 10 I am now going to ask you a number of 11 questions and I should kindly ask you to answer them to 12 the best of your recollection. 13 Mr. H, do you recall whether, about the middle 14 of April 1993, there was any fighting in the vicinity 15 of your village? 16 A. I do not recall with precision, but there was 17 fighting quite often. 18 Q. Can you tell us how far from your village was 19 the fighting, roughly? 20 A. Roughly about a kilometre or maybe even less 21 away. Well, that is very close. 22 Q. Yes, it is, but it was advancing towards the 23 Α. 24 village. 25 Q. Mr. H, at the time, were you a civilian or

1 a military man?

2 A. I was a member of the army, but I was wearing civilian clothes and I was registered as a civilian. 3 Q. When you say you were registered as 4 a civilian, you are referring to your registration in 5 Kaonik? 6 Α. 7 Yes. 8 Q. Mr. H, when you were describing yesterday the events in your village, when soldiers in camouflage 9 uniform came, you said that some of those soldiers were 10 11 from Herzegovina; is that correct? 12 A. Yes. 13 Q. For the sake of clarity, and for the benefit of the Trial Chamber, could you please tell them, were 14 the people from Herzegovina, are they from Herzegovina? 15 16 Α. Yes. 17 Is Herzegovina a part of Bosnia-Herzegovina? Q. 18 Yes, it was, and I hope it will continue to Α. 19 he 20 Mr. H, were you registered when you arrived in Q. Kaonik, and by whom? You just told us that you were 21 22 registered as a civilian, by whom? 23 By the International Red Cross. Α. 24 Q. When did the International Red Cross come in 25 relation to your arrival at Kaonik, how many days

1 later? 2 A. I do not remember exactly the number of days that went by. I do not know exactly. 3 Q. You told us a moment ago that there were 4 battles in the vicinity, in the village; when these 5 soldiers came to your village, what were they looking 6 for in the village? 7 8 Are you referring to HVO soldiers? Α. 9 Q. Yes. They were looking for weapons. 10 Α. 11 Q. Mr. H, you described to us yesterday that 12 actually in the first half of 1993, in the area where 13 you were living, there were two conflicts: there was 14 one at the beginning of the year and another somewhere 15 in April; is that correct? 16 A. I did not quite understand your question. Q. Is it correct that in the area where you were 17 18 residing, let us not mention that area, in the first 19 half of 1993, there were two conflicts; that is one at the beginning of the year in January and another one in 20 21 April; is that correct? 22 Α. Yes. 23 Q. Can you tell us where you were in between 24 these two conflicts? 25 A. I said yesterday that during the first

1 conflict, I was at home and during the cease-fire I was 2 at home. 3 Q. So, between the two conflicts, you were in your village? 4 5 Α. Yes. Did you go to work? 6 Q. 7 Α. No. 8 Q. Tell me, were you in any way involved in 9 civil defence? 10 A. No. 11 Q. Do you know whether anyone from your village 12 participated in the work of the civil defence? 13 A. I do not know exactly, but, as far as I know, 14 there was no organisation after the first conflict, as 15 far as I can recollect. I am not quite sure again, 16 because I was not involved in any of the more important 17 organisations. 18 Q. Tell us, Mr. H, were you a member of any 19 political party in those days? 20 A. No. 21 Q. Your village had a mixed population, if I am 22 not mistaken? 23 Α. Yes. 24 Q. So, there were Bosniak Croats and Bosniak 25 Muslims?

1 Α. Yes. 2 Q. Perhaps you could tell us, if you know, what the share of each group was? 3 Α. I do not know exactly, because I never 4 counted. 5 So you cannot even tell us roughly? 6 Q. A. It would be better for me not to answer the 7 question than to make a mistake. 8 9 Q. That, you are probably right. You told us yesterday, Mr. H, that during your 10 11 stay in Kaonik you noticed that some elderly and sick 12 people were released home? 13 A. Not home, but to the village of Skradno. 14 These were elderly men and the sick. 15 Q. How many men were there, could you tell us, 16 roughly? Well, about 30. Something like that, I do 17 Α. 18 not know the exact number. 19 Q. And how do you know about that? 20 A. Well, I was in the camp like the others and 21 during my stay there they were released to the village 22 of Skradno. Q. I understand. Mr. H, let us go back to the 23 24 day when a person fled, escaped from Kaonik. 25 You described the event for us yesterday, as

1 far as you were able to remember it. I just have a couple of questions in that connection, for the sake 2 of clarification. 3 4 How many people, including this person that escaped, were outside the building? I think you said 5 they were planting potatoes; how many of them were 6 there? 7 8 A. There was a total of four of them. 9 Q. Do you know how many guards were watching over those four? 10 11 A. As far as I remember, Miro Maric took them 12 out. 13 Q. But how much people were outside? 14 Α. I could not see because I was in the cell. 15 Ο. I understand. You were in cell number what? 16 Α. Number 16. 17 Q. Who was with you in cell number 16, do you 18 remember? 19 Α. I do, but I would not like to name the 20 people. 21 But let us make it clear, do you not wish to Q. 22 name them because you do not wish to do it or because 23 we are now in an open session and you do not want to 24 cause any embarrassment to those people? 25 A. The latter.

MR. MIKULICIC: May I then ask the Trial 1 2 Chamber to go into private session, as names may appear in the testimony which need to be protected? If the 3 4 Prosecutor agrees, of course. 5 MR. MEDDEGODA: I fully agree to my learned friend's application to go into private session. 6 7 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Let us now go into private 8 session. Is the audio visual department ready? 9 (In private session) 10 (redacted) 11 (redacted) 12 (redacted) 13 (redacted) 14 (redacted) 15 (redacted) 16 (redacted) 17 (redacted) (redacted) 18 19 (redacted) (redacted) 20 21 (redacted) 22 (redacted)

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(In open session)

1 We can proceed now. 2 MR. MIKULICIC: Thank you, your Honours. 3 I should like to ask the usher to show Witness H a picture which has already been admitted as 4 Prosecutor's Exhibit P54. (Handed). 5 Thank you. Could the technicians move the 6 7 projector so that we can see the whole photograph, please? Thank you. 8 9 Mr. H, yesterday, describing this photograph, you marked the building with the letters A and B? 10 11 A. Yes. 12 Q. Could you explain what was the function of 13 the other buildings that we can see on this photograph; 14 are you aware of that? 15 A. I am not. 16 Q. Do you know what the building which is in the 17 upper third of the photograph was used for? Next to the road. Do you see that building? Could you point 18 19 to it? That is the building I had in mind. 20 A. That was where most of the soldiers were. When we prisoners were going out, there were some 21 22 soldiers there. 23 Q. Do you know what kind of soldiers were there? The HVO army. That is all I know. 24 Α. 25 Q. Do you know which unit?

A. I am sorry, but I was a prisoner. Aleksovski 1 2 knows that best. 3 Q. Mr. H, it is now you that are answering the questions. If you do not know the answer, say that you 4 do not know. 5 A. Well, from my answer you can tell that I do 6 7 not know. 8 Q. Tell us, Mr. H, do you know where the four 9 persons you were telling us about, who were planting 10 potatoes, where they were doing that? Could you show 11 us that? 12 A. I do not know, I was in the cell. 13 Q. So, let us summarise: the building I was 14 referring to, would you please mark it with the letter 15 C? 16 Α. (Witness marked map). 17 Q. You said that the HVO army was accommodated 18 there. Are you aware whether that building was used as 19 part of the Kaonik prisoners? Were prisoners put there 20 as well? 21 A. I do not know. I stayed in these two other 22 buildings. I do not know about the other people, 23 I mostly saw the military there. 24 Q. In your opinion, was this building part of 25 the Kaonik compound?

1 A. Yes. That was the closest building to the 2 gate. Q. Mr. H, yesterday you said that 3 Zlatko Aleksovski -- and I quote your words -- was "a 4 commander of all forces within the barracks compound"? 5 A. Yes, that is my opinion. 6 Q. Very well, that is your opinion. Is it also 7 your opinion that Zlatko Aleksovski was also the 8 commander of all forces that were stationed in the 9 10 building C? 11 A. I do not know that, but most probably. 12 I think I already said that this is my opinion. 13 Q. Do you have a reason for such an opinion 14 which you could share with us? 15 A. It is the way he introduced himself. He said that he was Zlatko Aleksovski and that he was the 16 17 warden of the entire prison. 18 Q. So, in your opinion, he was also the 19 commander of the forces which was in the building C? 20 A. Excuse me, I told you that I made 21 a difference between a warden and a commander. Q. Very well, Mr. H, I will rephrase my question: 22 in your opinion, was Zlatko Aleksovski also the 23 24 commander of the military which was in building C? 25 A. You cannot say that -- you could say that he

1 was also a warden that also was in control of the military there. 2 Q. Mr. H, you saw the soldiers in this 3 building C? 4 A. I saw them around the building. 5 Q. Very well, around the building. Did you see 6 that these soldiers had different kinds of uniforms 7 8 than the other soldiers around, and I would like to 9 draw your attention to the belts? 10 A. I did not notice that, but I noticed several 11 times that they wore shorts and T-shirts, so that 12 I thought this is what they use for relaxing and rest. 13 Q. Did you also see them wearing white belts? 14 A. I only noticed soldiers wearing white belts at the gate and around that building there were 15 16 different soldiers, but for the most part they were 17 just regular soldiers. 18 Q. Mr. H, I only have one additional question: 19 after the escape which we discussed, you said that you 20 heard some moans coming from other cells? 21 A. Yes. 22 Q. Did you personally see that anyone was 23 beating anyone else? 24 A. When I say that I heard it, it does not mean

25 that I saw it.

Q. So would it be correct if I said that you did 1 not see it? 2 3 A. Yes. MR. MIKULICIC: The Defence has no further 4 questions. Thank you. 5 Excuse me, just one additional question. It 6 slipped my mind and my colleague just reminded me of 7 8 it. 9 Mr. H, I will put this question to you in the following way: after all these difficult experiences, 10 11 would a witness before court in a criminal case in --12 were you a witness in a criminal case in Bosnia? 13 A. No, but I was called before a court in 14 Zenica. 15 Ο. And you gave a statement there? 16 Α. Yes. 17 Q. You said that you testified before a superior court in Zenica; was it also true that you also asked 18 for damages at that time? 19 20 A. It was not my idea, it was a judge's idea. 21 Q. So what did you tell this judge? How much in 22 damages did you ask for? A. I said that it is not myself who asked for 23 24 damages, that it was the suggestion of the judge and 25 I was not hoping for any, and he said that he -- he

1 advised me that I could ask for damages. 2 Q. So can you tell me how much you asked for? A. It was not my request, it was his request. З I do not know. I only know that I gave the same kind 4 of a statement, but I know that underneath the 5 statement, he put some number as the amount of damage 6 7 that I could be entitled to. 8 MR. MIKULICIC: Your Honours, I have before me a report and I would like permission to show it to the 9 witness so that the witness can identify it as the 10 11 statement that he had given there and that it is the 12 statement that he had signed. 13 MR. MEDDEGODA: Your Honours, may I have a copy of the statement which my learned friend is 14 15 seeking to show to the witness? 16 JUDGE RODRIGUES: I beg your pardon, 17 Mr. Meddegoda? 18 MR. MEDDEGODA: May the Prosecution be given a copy of that statement which my learned friend is now 19 seeking to show the witness, your Honours? 20 21 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Mikulicic, can the 22 Prosecution have a copy of this document? MR. MIKULICIC: Of course, there is no problem 23 24 in the Prosecution getting a copy of it. Right now 25 I only have a single copy, so in the next break I will

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1 make a copy and give it to the Prosecution, if that is 2 satisfactory. JUDGE RODRIGUES: In any event, before 3 showing it to the witness, can you please show it to 4 Mr. Meddegoda. Is that acceptable? 5 MR. MEDDEGODA: I wonder whether the document 6 has been translated or whether it is in the Bosnian 7 language or whether it is translated into one of the 8 official languages of this court, your Honour? 9 10 MR. MIKULICIC: Your Honours, the document in 11 question has not been translated because I did not know 12 that I will be in a position to use it in 13 cross-examination. However, if the Defence is allowed to use it in its own case, then it will be translated. 14 However, at this stage we would just like the witness 15 to identify his own signature and a portion of the 16 17 text. 18 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Meddegoda, I think this is a question only of identification of the signature. 19 20 MR. MEDDEGODA: Very well, your Honour. In 21 any event, may I see the statement, your Honours?

22 (Handed). Thank you. (Pause).

23 Very well, your Honours.

24 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Excuse me, Mr. Meddegoda, 25 are you asking for the document to be entered into the

1 record, or is it sufficient for the witness to see the 2 document and identify it? MR. MEDDEGODA: My learned friend is showing 3 this document to the witness. It is a Defence 4 document, your Honour. We have no objection to the 5 6 document being marked for the purposes of 7 identification of the signature, your Honours. JUDGE RODRIGUES: In that case, Mr. Mikulicic, 8 the document can be admitted into the record. Are we 9 10 agreed? 11 MR. MIKULICIC: The Defence agrees, of 12 course. 13 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Mikulicic, you can 14 continue with your cross-examination. 15 MR. MEDDEGODA: Your Honours, if I may 16 interrupt at this stage. My learned friend is seeking to show this document only for the purpose of 17 identification of the signature of this witness. If 18 19 the document is admitted only for that limited purpose, 20 I think, your Honours, the Prosecution has no objection 21 to such admission; only for the limited purpose of 22 identification of the signature, as my learned friend 23 is seeking to elicit at this very moment, your 24 Honours. The document is not translated and has not

25 been provided to the Prosecution before. Therefore,

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1 for that reason, I respectfully urge that your Honours 2 be pleased to admit the document only for the purposes of identification of the witness's signature. 3 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Mikulicic, I beg your 4 pardon, your aim is simply to show the witness his 5 signature on the document; is that correct? 6 MR. MIKULICIC: Your Honours, my objective is 7 to show the signature on the document and ask the 8 witness to authenticate it, if it be possible, and also 9 for him to authenticate a portion of the text relating 10 11 to the damages request on page 3. 12 If we are allowed to translate that portion 13 of the document on page 3, this is actually the 14 objective of the Defence. 15 JUDGE RODRIGUES: That was what I was going to suggest to you. You can put the document under the 16 ELMO; you can read the document and it will be 17 translated to the Trial Chamber and the Prosecution, 18 19 regarding the content. Are you all in agreement? We are going to put the document under the ELMO. 20 21 Mr. Mikulicic will read the document, it will be 22 translated. In that way, we will be familiarised with 23 its contents; is that acceptable? 24 MR. MIKULICIC: Thank you, your Honours. The

25 Defence agrees with it and it is a very short paragraph

1 on page 3 of the statement that is in question.

2 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Meddegoda, you have an 3 objection?

MR. MEDDEGODA: Your Honour is aware of the 4 Prosecution's position. Your Honours have ruled that 5 the document should be admitted in that way. The 6 Prosecution has no objection to your Honours' ruling on 7 that, but the Prosecution position is that the document 8 has not been provided to it before and it has not been 9 provided with the translation of the document and that 10 11 the Prosecution is unaware of the authenticity of the 12 document which is now being produced, which my learned 13 friend is seeking to produce before your Honour's court. The Prosecution will go along with the ruling 14 15 your Honour made on this matter. 16 JUDGE RODRIGUES: In that case, the Trial

17 Chamber has decided to admit the document by placing it 18 under the ELMO and read by Mr. Mikulicic. This will be 19 an element of the testimony, but not an official 20 document. Therefore, Mr. Mikulicic, you may continue. 21 MR. MIKULICIC: Thank you, your Honours. 22 Mr. H, I think we should go into the private 23 session since we can see the name of the witness on the 24 document on the ELMO.

25 JUDGE RODRIGUES: The witness is protected

1 and I think we must go in closed session because we are 2 going to see his signature. Therefore, we are now 3 going into closed session. Is that possible, or 4 private session? 5 THE REGISTRAR: It would be preferable to 6 have a closed session. 7 JUDGE RODRIGUES: A closed session, thank you 8 very much, Mr. Dubuisson. 9 (In closed session) 10 (redacted) 11 (redacted) 12 (redacted) 13 (redacted) 14 (redacted) 15 (redacted) 16 (redacted) 17 (redacted) (redacted) 18 19 (redacted) (redacted) 20 21 (redacted) 22 (redacted) 23 (redacted) 24 (redacted)

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2 (In public session) 3 Thank you, Mr. Mikulicic. Mr. Meddegoda, have you any additional questions? 4 MR. MEDDEGODA: No questions in 5 re-examination, your Honours. 6 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Thank you, Mr. Meddegoda. 7 8 Witness H, I have a question for you: in your culture, in your language, and even in a situation of 9 conflict that you lived through, a commander and 10 11 a director; are they one and the same, or are they two 12 different words to express a different reality? Have 13 you understood my question? 14 A. Yes. In my opinion, a director or warden is 15 a civilian with such duty and such a post and the 16 commander would be a military person. From what 17 I know, this was a military installation. JUDGE RODRIGUES: And how did Mr. Aleksovski 18 introduce himself to you; as a director or as 19 20 a commander? 21 A. He introduced himself as a warden of the prison, Zlatko Aleksovski, but his soldiers in the 22 23 compound addressed him as "Mr. Commander". JUDGE RODRIGUES: When he introduced himself 24 25 was he in civilian clothes or camouflage uniform?

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	A. In civilian clothes. Later on he also wore
2	both the camouflage uniform and civilian clothes. He
3	often went to Busovaca, I do not know for what purpose,
4	but he was for the most part within the compound.
5	JUDGE RODRIGUES: Thank you very much,
6	Witness H. You have completed your testimony. The
7	International Criminal Tribunal thanks you for coming.
8	We wish you a safe journey.
9	A. Thank you.
10	(The witness withdrew)
11	JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Prosecutor, who is the
12	next witness?
13	MR. MARCHESIELLO: Good morning, your
14	Honours. The next witness is Mr. Garanovic Rasim. He
15	did not ask for any protective measures, so he will be
16	taken and he will answer our questions with his real
17	name.
18	JUDGE RODRIGUES: Please have the witness
19	brought in.
20	MR. MARCHESIELLO: May I ask the court, how
21	much time shall we have before the interruption, so to
22	choose when?
23	JUDGE RODRIGUES: The break is envisaged for
24	11.20 am.
25	MR. MARCHESIELLO: Thank you.

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(The witness entered court) 1 2 I am afraid this is the wrong witness. 3 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Excuse me, Mr. Prosecutor. Could we have the break now, perhaps. Then you can 4 regulate everything in the meantime? 5 MR. MARCHESIELLO: That is what I suggest 6 too. It would be a very good idea. 7 JUDGE RODRIGUES: The interpreters in 8 9 agreement with that? 10 THE INTERPRETER: Yes, thank you, your 11 Honour. 12 JUDGE RODRIGUES: In that case, we will have 13 the break and we will resume at 11.20. Thank you. 14 (11.00 am) 15 (A short break) 16 (11.25 am) JUDGE RODRIGUES: Before beginning, or rather 17 18 resuming, it should be said that the document that we discussed is going to be admitted into the record, 19 20 under which number? 21 THE REGISTRAR: It is Exhibit D2. 22 JUDGE RODRIGUES: This was an exceptional 23 situation because, as you know, Article 3 of the Rules 24 requires documents to be translated into official 25 languages. For the moment, this document was only

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1 partly translated, but this is really going to be an 2 exception. 3 Mr. Prosecutor, you have the floor. 4 MR. MARCHESIELLO: I think we are now ready to have Mr. Garanovic. I hope it will be the right witness 5 this time. 6 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Very well. 7 8 (The witness entered court) 9 Good morning, sir. You are going to read the 10 declaration given to you by the usher, please. 11 A. Good morning. I solemnly declare that I will 12 speak the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the 13 truth. 14 JUDGE RODRIGUES: You may be seated. What is 15 your name, please? 16 A. My name is Rasim Garanovic. 17 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Thank you, Mr. Garanovic, 18 for coming. You are going to answer the questions that the Prosecutor is going to put to you. 19 20 RASIM GARANOVIC 21 Examined by MR. MARCHESIELLO Good morning, Mr. Garanovic. May I ask you to 22 Q. 23 state --24 A. Good morning. Q. May I ask you to state, again, your full 25

1 name, age, date and place of birth, please? 2 A. I am Rasim Garanovic. Born on 7th May 1950 in the village of Serici, municipality of Zenica. 3 What is then your nationality and your faith? 4 Q. A. I am a Bosniak by nationality. My ethnic 5 origin is Muslim and my religion is Islam. 6 Q. What is your job, Mr. Garanovic? What was 7 your job in the beginning of 1993? 8 9 A. I was a professional stone-cutter. I processed stone and marble, that sort of thing. 10 11 Q. Did you have workers under your -- at your 12 disposal that worked with you and under you? 13 Α. Yes, I did. 14 Q. How many of them and of which nationality? 15 Α. Sometimes there were more, sometimes less workers. But as a rule, I had five workers. 16 Q. And in April 1993, did you have five workers 17 18 under you? 19 Α. Yes. 20 Ο. How many of them were Croats and how many 21 Muslim? 22 Two were Muslims and three were Croats. Α. Were there, at that time, or had there been 23 Q. 24 at that time problems as to these two different 25 ethnicities within the same context working, the same

1 context and the same situation of work? 2 A. I did not understand the question very well. Are you referring to the place where we were living, 3 whether there were any problems among the different 4 inhabitants, is that what you mean? 5 6 Q. I am referring both to the place in general and the situation that was existing in your shop. 7 8 A. No, there were no problems at all. Actually, we all lived in harmony. My village of Krcevine, 9 a village near the town of Vitez, it was inhabited 10 11 mostly by Croats and Muslims, Bosniaks. 12 Ninety per cent of the population were 13 Croats, 10 per cent were Bosniaks. We lived together; 14 we rejoiced together. We worked together, we helped 15 each other in various activities. We built our homes 16 together, our roads, telephone lines, we celebrated our 17 religious holidays, Christmas, Bajram, all of us 18 together, really together. 19 0. Did --20 Α. Sorry. Did something in this situation that you are 21 Q. describing, did something start changing and how is it 22 23 -- did things change actually in the beginning of 24 1993?

25 A. In 1993, things started to change. Something

strange began to happen. Simply I do not know where from, most probably from Zagreb. The Croats were given a sign telling them that they were in jeopardy, and through the HVO, the HVO police, they started to ignore their neighbours, Bosniaks. They had less and less contact with the Bosniaks and those who wanted to communicate with them did not dare do that for some reason.

9 Q. Were there HVO forces in your village?
10 A. Yes, yes. There was a checkpoint right next
11 to my house.

12 Q. Now, let us go to the 14th April 1993. What 13 happened to you on that day?

A. On the 14th April, I came early from Zenica. Is I went there to see a doctor, my doctor, and I had to be close to a doctor and he was in Zenica, but I had to go on a business trip, to Jablanica, which is about 120 kilometres from Vitez in Herzegovina.

19 In the morning, my wife and I got into our 20 car, we reached our company in Vitez, next to the flat 21 where we lived in. With a worker of mine, I started 22 off on the trip to Jablanica.

23 Q. Was this worker a Croat and what was his 24 name?

25 A. Yes, this worker was a Croat. His name was

1 Ratko Strukar.

2 What happened on your way? Ο. A. We started off before 7.00 in the morning, 3 about 6.45 in the morning, or maybe 6.40, I am not 4 quite sure. We got as far as Stojkovici, which is 5 a suburb of Novi Travnik. We noticed a large number of 6 7 trucks there, that were parked in an unusual manner. Then there were many passenger vehicles which were open 8 as well. There were small children crying in those 9 cars. In some cars the parents were there not and it 10 11 struck us as a strange situation. 12 The police stopped us there, the HVO police. 13 And what happened to you? Q. 14 They asked for our ID cards, our Α. identification papers. We showed them. We had passes 15 issued by the HVO and the BiH army, giving us permission 16 to go on this business trip. We showed them all this, 17 18 I and my worker. 19 Nevertheless, were you arrested? Q. 20 Yes. They immediately said: "Get out. You Α. are arrested", and they told my worker to go back where 21 22 he had come from, which meant to go back home. 23 Q. Who were those who arrested you? In which 24 kind of insignia, how were they dressed? 25 A. They were dressed in camouflage uniforms,

1 with HVO insignia. It was the HVO police. 2 Q. Where were you taken after having been arrested? 3 A. They took me about 300 metres to the right, 4 to a military warehouse which used to be the warehouse 5 of the Yugoslav army. That was where an airport, 6 7 a military airport was to be built, and this warehouse 8 was built for that purpose. They took me there to this 9 warehouse, to the warehouse compound. Q. Where did they put you into? 10 11 A. There was a kind of container. They opened 12 it and they put me in the container. The container was 13 partitioned. It is the kind of container that is 14 loaded on to trucks. There was a partition of about 1 metre 30 and that is where they shut me up. 15 16 Q. Were you alone in the container -- in that 17 area of the container? 18 A. No. At the time there were several men 19 there. I did not count, but in my estimate there were 20 at least 15, at least 15 persons there. They simply 21 pushed us in. We were standing next to one another, 22 face-to-face, we could hardly breathe. 23 Q. How long did you stay in that container, in 24 that situation? 25 A. We stayed there in that situation from 7.00

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1 in the morning until the evening, about nightfall, when 2 they took out some people. I do not know where they 3 took them. Several men were taken out, so that we had 4 a little more space. So we could sit in between each 5 other's legs and sleep a little.

6 Q. You said that you had been visiting a doctor 7 in Zenica. What were your physical conditions at that 8 time?

9 A. I had undergone surgery in April 1992, in 10 Belgrade. I operated my stomach and oesophagus. My 11 physical condition was very serious, due to the 12 consequences of the operation. That is why I took my 13 worker to accompany me, for him to drive and to help me 14 on the business trip.

15 Q. Now, can you describe what subsequently 16 happened to you and how you were transported away from 17 that area to Kaonik?

A. We were there on the 14th. There was no
conflict there at the time, there were no military
operations. They arrested us there, they shut us up
about 7.00 in the morning, that is me. We stayed there
the 14th and then the 15th until the evening.
On the 15th, in the morning, they gave us
something to eat. There was something -- a kind of

25 lunch package received through charity organisations.

Then they ordered all those with trucks -- that is the 1 2 drivers -- and whose trucks had stayed behind on the road, to come out. Then they did get out these 3 drivers, several minutes later they drove those trucks 4 5 into the compound. These were trucks loaded with goods, mostly 6 7 food stuffs, or they were on their way to collect goods, either in Croatia or somewhere else. 8 9 Q. Now, let us return to your personal situation. What happened to you and your fellows on 10 11 the morning of April 15th, 1993?

A. On 15th April, that is what I am talking about now, they took us out of the container around 14 10.00. They took us in front of a shed and the HVO police were there. They required statements from us, that is to tell them where we were going, who we were, what we were doing, why we were travelling, why we were going where we were. Then when that was over, they took us back to the container and we stayed there until nightfall.

Late in the evening -- I do not know what time it was, I really do not know , we were in such a situation that we did not know -- the buses came. I saw two buses there when I came out. This was the HVO police who had called us to come out, to get out of

1 the container and to raise our hands, lean them against the bus for them to search us. They searched us. They 2 did not seize our personal belongings, only if someone 3 had a knife or something like that. 4 They ordered us to get into the bus. We got 5 into this first bus that I got into and I sat down. 6 7 The buses started towards the gates. 8 Q. Now, please, if you could go to the moment which will probably be most interesting for us, when 9 you did arrive at Kaonik. Will you describe the 10 11 arrival of the buses in Kaonik? 12 A. I would like to ask you to allow me to go back just for a second to the 14th, if possible, 13 please? 14 15 No, go ahead, if you do not mind. Ο. 16 We started with the buses towards the gates, Α. then the buses went further on. I knew roughly, or 17 I assumed where they were taking us, to a camp 18 19 probably, some sort of a camp. I was afraid that we 20 might turn right because turning right meant going to 21 Herzegovina. Fortunately, we went left, which meant 22 towards Vitez. The buses went as far as the cross-roads 23 known as "Okuka", or "the bend", and I saw a checkpoint 24 there held by the Croat army.

25 They had RPGs facing the bus and other

1 inventory weapons. We passed that checkpoint and 2 turned right. We passed through Vitez and from there on to Busovaca. 3 MR. MARCHESIELLO: I think you have a very 4 5 good memory of those events, and I understand the reason for this. Now I would like you to concentrate 6 7 on the camp, on the moment you did arrive to the camp. 8 You spoke -- can I introduce as evidence, the aerial photograph you already know, of the camp? Can 9 I have it shown to the witness, please? (Handed). 10 11 THE REGISTRAR: It is exhibit number 55. 12 MR. MARCHESIELLO: Can you put it on the ELMO, 13 please? Thank you. 14 Now, Mr. Garanovic, do you recognise the camp 15 where you have been taken with the buses? 16 A. Yes. This is the camp where we were taken 17 with the buses. The buses came along this road, they 18 got to here, then they turned right. This is the road 19 to Busovaca. Turned right. There is a military 20 barracks here. (Indicating on photograph). Then they 21 went on towards this wood --22 Q. May I interrupt you? You mentioned before 23 the gates of the camp; were there gates and where were 24 they, at the entrance? Was there a gate to the camp?

25 A. We were waiting there for the gates to be

1 opened. There was a gate, but it was night-time, so it 2 was about midnight by the time we got there. We did not see that too well. I cannot describe the gate. 3 Where were you taken? 4 Ο. We got there, along this road. (Indicating 5 Α. on photograph). They drove us to this hangar here. 6 7 Q. Can you put a circle around it and mark it with the letter "A", please? 8 9 (Witness marked photograph). Α. Thank you. Go on. 10 Q. 11 Α. They brought us here, the buses stopped. The 12 bus stopped, the one I was in. It stopped in front of 13 the building, about the middle of the building. There 14 is about -- about the middle of the building, there is an entrance into the hangar, so we entered. The light 15 was very poor. The HVO policemen -- the police told us 16 immediately to go up to the wall, the length of the 17 building -- that is the other side of the entrance --18 to raise our hands up, to lean them against the wall 19 and to stay there. Nobody should move. 20 Q. You refer to HVO police; were they policemen 21 22 or military, according to your experience? 23 There was both policemen and HVO military. Α. 24 They did not differ very much anyway. 25 Q. How did they differ, if there was any

1 difference?

2 A. They did not differ in terms of their3 behaviour.

4 Q. But in terms of their attire?

5 A. The HVO police, those who were policemen, had 6 the word written on it, "police". Those who were 7 soldiers had just the HVO insignia.

8 There at the entrance to the right, as we 9 were passing, I noticed a pile and I did not really 10 know what it was at first. It was quite dark. To the 11 right here -- actually those were people who had been 12 brought there before us, so we must have been a second 13 group to get there.

14 Q. Sorry to interrupt you. Were they and were 15 you all civilians?

A. We were all civilians, until the last one.
Q. You did not see any BiH military held as
prisoner in the camp?

19 A. No, I did not see -- at that time I did not 20 see them. These were all civilians, who later told me 21 that they were working their fields and that the HVO 22 soldiers arrived, or the police, that they rounded them 23 up and took them from the fields to the prison. 24 Q. How long were you forced to stay standing up

25 with your hands raised against the wall?

A. A very long time. That was very difficult.
 It was cold. I was cold, I was very cold. My hands
 were cold from that wall. It was also some kind of
 weapons depot from the JNA.

5 We stood there for maybe 40 minutes, more or 6 less. These people over there were discussing 7 something, I think it had to do with the organisation. 8 Then they ordered that all our personal belongings, 9 everything -- even a small piece of paper could cost 10 your life, if you did not produce it and if you did not 11 place it next to your feet.

So, indeed, all my personal belongings, I was afraid that something would stay on me, so I placed all these things next to my right foot and when we did this, they told us to place our hands against a wall again, facing the wall, which is what we did.

17 Q. Were your belongings given back to you after 18 that?

19 A. No. At that moment -- partially, yes. At 20 that moment the HVO soldiers came. They took the 21 belongings, the money, gold, if anybody had rings, 22 watches, valuables. As far as I am concerned, they 23 took my money, they took my free movement certificate 24 which I had from the HVO. I did not have that many 25 valuables on me.

1 Q. Did you have -- how much -- did you have 2 a sum of money on you? A. I was supposed to buy some material, two 3 cubic metres of stone, so I had 4,000 German marks on 4 me. I also had 300 marks for expenses, so I had 5 a total of 4,300 German marks, maybe some change 6 7 additionally. 8 And they were not given back to you? Q. 9 A. No. They also took away my car, my -- the things that I had in the car and then later they took 10 11 my house away and everything. 12 Q. During your being held in the hangar, were 13 you registered -- were your names written down on some 14 documents? Who did it, if so? 15 A. Yes. As we were standing against a wall, they ordered us again to take out every single piece of 16 paper from our pockets, everything we had put back, 17 anything from our shoes, from the hair, so that nothing 18 19 would be found on anyone. I think that they probably 20 were not satisfied enough with what they got, so then the whole situation repeated itself. We took 21 22 everything out and placed it at our feet. 23 I forgot to say they did not take my watch 24 because one soldier said that this was a Russian watch 25 so it was not good enough quality. However, it was not

1 Russian, it was actually a Swiss watch.

Then, again, we placed all our belongings next to our feet, so that process was faster now, it took about 15 minutes. They reviewed all of it and then they said: "Pick up your garbage and put it back in your pockets", so we took all the belongings that were left there and put them in our pockets. Then they ordered us to turn around.

9 Q. Now, Mr. Garanovic, I would like to know if
10 and to whom you did give your personal data, your name,
11 your family name, and so on, on that occasion?
12 A. Yes. They told us to turn around and to walk

13 one by one towards a desk which was placed there, and 14 there was some sawdust there in the corners, so that is 15 where this desk was placed.

16 An HVO soldier sat at this desk. He had 17 a logbook of some kind and then he was entering the 18 data which we gave him, the first and last name, basic 19 data.

Q. How did you spend the night there?
A. The night was nearly fatal for me. It was
very cold and I got cramps, very bad cramps in my
chest. Given my condition and the cold, the HVO
soldiers allowed that several wooden pallets be brought
in from outside, so a few wooden pallets were brought

1 in. They are used for loading goods on to trucks. 2 I did not have the strength to bring it by myself, so I remained on concrete. 3 Some people then were sitting on those 4 5 pallets but most people sat on the concrete. Then they put some kind of a line, which was really an imagined 6 line, they did not draw it, and they said that whoever 7 crossed this line would be shot, so nobody, of course, 8 did it. Nobody wanted to cross it. 9 Q. What happened the next morning? Were you 10 11 brought some food, some water? 12 A. In the morning, sometime around 8.30/9.00, 13 they brought some food. There were no toilets. Maybe a few persons were let to go out to relieve 14 themselves. I do not know where these people went to 15 the toilet. In the morning, they brought some food, it 16 was a soup and a slice of bread. We ate that. 17 18 Q. Did you ask for a doctor at that moment? If so, to whom? 19 20 A. At that moment, I really felt fairly bad and 21 I felt I had not much to lose any more, so I told my 22 fellow inmates that I was going to seek medical 23 attention. They said it would be funny to ask for such 24 a thing if it was not sad. However, I said I was going 25 to do it anyway, so I started to look around to see

1 whom I could approach. I singled out one and I did not 2 like the way he looked and then the second one, it 3 was -- there was a second one, so he was somebody who 4 was still in civilian clothes, but he had just joined 5 the police, and so I approached him and said: "Can 6 I ask you something?", he said: "What is it?", I said: 7 "I really need to see a doctor urgently".

8 He asked if I had big problems and I told him 9 I had very big problems. Then immediately another 10 fellow came over and also complained about epilepsy. 11 This civilian man said: "I will come back in about 15 12 minutes".

After about 15 minutes, the civilian -the -- he wore this sports or track suit, so he came back escorted by a couple of soldiers and he said: "Where are the two men who reported to go and see the doctor?"; the ones around me said: "You are finished". I said "I do not care".

So, I reported and the other person did not report. However, this soldier insisted that the second person also step out. I guess he was afraid, so he had not reported. So, then we started -- he went ahead, I followed him and two soldiers were -- one to each side. We came outside to this road. It is really a paved road --

Q. Can you sign on the photograph you have on 1 the ELMO actually where you were taken? 2 (Indicating on photograph). 3 Α. Ο. From there? 4 Here we exited and we went to here, in front 5 Α. of this building. (Indicating on photograph). 6 Q. Can you circle it with a pen and sign it with 7 the letter "B", please? 8 9 (Witness marked photograph). Α. Thank you. Whom were you taken in front of? 10 Q. 11 Α. Here in front of this building, so we were 12 brought in front of the entrance to this building and 13 an officer was standing there and two soldiers. There were, I think, maybe more additional two soldiers, 14 I guess they were with him. So the person who brought 15 16 us to this man who was standing in the middle and he 17 told him: "Commander, these men have health problems and they are seeking medical attention." 18 19 Q. Did you recognise the men to whom the soldier was asking to take care of you? 20 A. I recognised a man, I did not know his name, 21 22 but I knew him from somewhere. I knew him by sight. 23 Later they said -- at that time I did not know who the 24 commander was around there. I did not even know where 25 I had arrived.

This man said -- he first asked the man who 1 2 was next to me with epilepsy, he asked him: "What is wrong with you? What is your complaint?" This person 3 who was seeking help said: "I am an epileptic" and he 4 mentioned another condition, for which maybe there is 5 no real cure. Then the commander said: "No, you are 6 just pretending. You are pretending that you are sick 7 from what you are complaining about, so you are really 8 acting". He said that he should be immediately taken 9 back to where he was brought from. 10 11 Q. Did this man show to the commander any 12 document concerning his health situation? 13 A. Yes, yes, some documents -- he produced some documents, some papers, I do not know what it was, and 14 the gentleman just looked at his papers and said -- how 15 shall I put this -- that he was just pretending that he 16 was sick, so that he should be taken back. . 17 18 Q. What about you?

19 A. Then the commander asked me: "What is wrong 20 with you?" I told him that I had surgery just a couple 21 of months ago. I said that I had undergone surgery in 22 Lubjane, because I did not dare mention the word 23 "Belgrade". He said: "What kind of surgery?" I told 24 him that I got cramps, that I was in pain, that I was 25 very cold, and I showed him the scar from my surgery.

He said: "These pains that you feel and the 1 2 cramps, are due to the cold, because where you spent the night is quite cold." He turned to one of the 3 soldiers and he told him: "What do you think? What 4 about number 12?" He nodded. I did not know what "12" 5 meant, it was around 11.00, what was going to happen at 6 12, so believe me I was quite afraid. He told me to 7 follow the soldier. 8

9 I followed the soldier. I entered this 10 building. (Indicating on photograph). That means in 11 here. We went -- we came into the hallway and the 12 hallway went in two directions, left and right.

MR. MARCHESIELLO: Just for the record, the witness is signing building B as the one he was accompanied into.

16 Now, let us stop for a moment and go back to 17 the commander. Did you later learn who the commander 18 was and which was his name?

19 A. Yes, I found that out very quickly. I was 20 told when I arrived to cell number 12. In fact, this 21 "12", this was the cell number, that is where I was 22 assigned to go by the commander. When I came into that 23 cell, I immediately learned who this gentleman was. 24 There were two soldiers there who had been punished, 25 I think that they were punished, they were soldiers,

1 they were HVO soldiers. They told me that this was 2 Zlatko Aleksovski, the camp commander. Q. You said before that you had had that person 3 before. Can you remember when you had him --4 A. Yes, on one occasion. This was maybe two or 5 6 three years -- maybe two years prior to that. I remember I went to a restaurant with a friend and 7 8 this restaurant was on the premises of the correctional centre in Zenica. It was a restaurant were civilians 9 went in the evenings. I went there during the day to 10 11 meet with this friend who was working at the 12 correctional centre. 13 This friend of mine greeted the gentleman. 14 At that time he told me -- how did he put it -a corrections officer, that he was a corrections 15 officer in the prison. I must have seen this man 16 17 a number of times, you know, this was a small town, Zenica, so I never contacted him, but I remembered him 18 as the person from Zenica. 19 20 Q. Can you describe this man to the court? This is a man of about my height, maybe 21 Α. 22 slightly shorter. Maybe slightly receding hair, maybe I would say -- put his height at 165 to 170 metres, so 23 24 relatively short.

25 Q. Could you recognise him if you had an

1 opportunity to see him again?

2 A. Given that a lot of time has passed, I am not 3 sure, but if I saw him I think that I could recognise 4 him.

Q. Can you recognise him in this courtroom?
A. Yes. I recognise him. It is the gentleman
7 sitting over there. (Indicating Mr. Aleksovski).

3 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Please will it be entered
9 into the record that the witness pointed in the
10 direction of Mr. Aleksovski.

11 MR. MARCHESIELLO: Going to the moment in 12 which you met Mr. Aleksovski and the commander of the 13 camp in front of the second hangar, how was he dressed 14 at that moment, when he sent you to the cell number 12? 15 A. He wore a camouflage uniform, a hat, a military hat, so he was dressed in military garments 16 17 with a camouflage uniform. 18 Q. You were taken into the building, into a cell within that building; is that so? 19 20 A. Yes, in the cell number 12. 21 Q. Were you taken during the time of your 22 staying at Kaonik, did you stay always for the whole

23 time in the same cell or did you change it?

A. I stayed in the same cell the whole time.I was in there for 31 days.

MR. MARCHESIELLO: Now, I am introducing in 1 2 evidence a -- which has already been introduced, a photograph of the building, of the hallway. Can it 3 be shown to the Defence? (Handed). 4 THE REGISTRAR: It is exhibit number 56. 5 MR. MARCHESIELLO: I tender in evidence the 6 7 aerial photograph. JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Prosecutor, do you have 8 9 copies for us, please? 10 MR. MARCHESIELLO: They are not in colour, 11 they are black and white, I am sorry. (Handed). 12 Now, Mr. Garanovic, do you recognise the 13 hallway, the corridor of the building where you were 14 detained? 15 A. Yes. 16 Q. Can you locate cell number 12 for us? 17 A. You cannot see cell number 12 in this picture but it is behind this stove here. That is where cell 18 19 number 12 is. (Indicating on photograph). 20 Q. Would you please circle it and sign with 21 letter "A"? 22 Α. (Witness marked photograph). 23 Q. Do you recognise other particular features of 24 that place? For example, the table at the end of the 25 hallway, which was its use?

A. This is where we received food. In other 1 2 words, we ate at this table. 3 Q. Did you have other opportunities to leave your cell during the day? 4 A. Only if we went to the toilet and that was 5 it, there was no other opportunity. Maybe to get 6 7 water. 8 Q. Can you locate the entrance to the building? 9 A. In the hallway. Here is the entrance. (Indicating on photograph). This is where the entrance 10 11 to the building is. 12 Q. Can you trace an arrow to locate that part of 13 the building? 14 Α. (Witness marked photograph). 15 Q. An arrow, just to show where the entrance door was. 16 17 Α. (Witness marked photograph). 18 Q. Was there an office in the same building, 19 according to your experience? 20 A. Yes, there was an office at the entrance. To 21 the left there was an office which was the commander's 22 office. To the right was a room which was used for 23 soldiers as relaxation space, that is where they 24 watched television. 25 Q. Could you please sign with your pen and sign

1 with the letter "B", the commander's office, please? 2 (Witness marked photograph). With the letter Α. "B"? 3 Yes, with the letter "B". 4 Q. Thank you. Did you have any opportunity from 5 6 within your cell to see what was happening along the 7 hallway? 8 Α. Yes, I was able to see. 9 I suppose the door was locked, I suppose. Q. The door was locked, but one could hear 10 Α. 11 everything, people talking in the corridor, 12 conversations in the corridor, who was coming or 13 going. Then there was a peephole on the door through 14 which they looked at us. When they were not spying on 15 us, we spied on them. 16 In this way, we had, in a sense, contact with 17 the camp; that is the camp over there, further away. 18 Were you ever taken into Aleksovski's office? Q. 19 No, I was not. No. Α. 20 Q. Would you look at the office and how it was 21 organised? 22 A. Yes, I could look at the office, not really 23 properly. When you go to the toilet you have to go by 24 quickly. When you are going for water also you have to 25 pass quickly, because there were soldiers in the

1 corridors. They could provoke you and they could beat 2 you up. I saw the office. There was a computer in 3 the office. I saw that. Then there was a secretary, 4 a young lady. There was a table, like any other 5 6 office. 7 Q. Were you -- you said you stayed there for 31 days; is that correct? 8 9 Α. Yes. Q. During this period, were you ever taken out 10 11 of the cell and out of the camp and by whom and for 12 which reason, if any? 13 A. I did not leave for 31 days. I did not leave 14 my cell, nor did I go outside at all, which means that 15 all that time I was in the cell. 16 Q. Were you alone in the cell or were there 17 other prisoners with you during this period? 18 A. The soldiers, the Croats, after four or five days they left and then they brought other prisoners, 19 20 other inmates to the cell and to the other cells. Q. To your knowledge, were prisoners taken away 21 22 for forced labour, for trench digging, for example? 23 A. This was done on a daily basis. Almost 24 everyone was taken to do forced labour. There was no 25 possibility of questioning it.

Q. How was this organised? Who did actually
 call out the prisoners who had to be taken trench
 digging daily?

A. Let me tell you. The system of taking people, taking prisoners to dig trenches, was as follows: in the morning or in the afternoon or in the vening, a soldier, a policeman called Ljubo, would call out the names of people. He had a piece of paper on him and he read out the names of the people who had to go to dig on the front-lines.

11 However, not only that, but sometimes the 12 list was extended by the door being opened and them picking out people and taking them to the front-line. 13 14 Q. Where did Ljubo take the list from? Who did give Ljubo the list of the prisoners? 15 16 A. Let me see. The office was there, from where the whole system was managed. I personally saw once 17 Ljubo entering, passing along the corridor, taking 18 19 a piece of paper. What was on that paper, I do not 20 know. I was going to get water and Ljubo was calling 21 out the names. That was the time when, in order to 22 save myself from going to the front-line and to avoid 23 the possibility of me being picked out when he opened 24 the door, this was the way for me to save myself, by 25 not being in the cell. But if he called out my name,

1 then there was no escape, regardless of the fact that

2 I was outside in the corridor.

So that we roughly envisaged when Ljubo would 3 come. Then we knocked on the door. Ljubo was rather 4 loud, because we could hear him entering from the 5 outside even. So we would knock on the door to ask to 6 fetch water or to go to the toilet. Then the guard 7 would open the door. I would go out. I can say that 8 I did that very often, while, in the meantime, Ljubo 9 would go in, call out the names, or simply open the 10 11 door and hand-pick people for digging trenches and 12 working on the front-lines.

13 Q. Let us go back to the list. Where did Ljubo 14 take that list from when you saw him entering the 15 office, Aleksovski's office?

A. He entered the office. There is no question about it. I said I just saw him once from a kind of a window with a glass in it, taking this list through the window. Whether this was the list of names, I could not read it, but he would say the names of the people who had to come out. He would call out those names every morning. I would be going from this direction towards the toilet, (indicating on photograph) to get water and Ljubo would come in and go in that direction. He would go along the corridor and

1 call out the names.

2 Q. I have another question: how did you succeed in never being called off for work? That work, 3 I suppose, was very dangerous. 4 A. Well, you see, I was in such a condition that 5 6 I took advantage of every possibility to avoid being 7 taken there. Because I was not afraid for myself, but 8 I was afraid that when Ljubo handed me over, up there 9 on the front-line, because of my condition, I would not be able to work and there was a possibility of them 10 11 executing me over there. 12 Q. Did some of the prisoners who were taken 13 trench digging not come back, and for which reason? 14 How did they explain that to you? Was that explained 15 to vou? 16 A. From my cell, one man was killed. He was 17 killed on the front-lines. His name was -- should 18 I give you his name? 19 O. Yes. 20 A. Omer Lugonic. He was from Teslic. The Serbs 21 forced him to go to Tesanj. He was captured on the 22 road and he was killed while digging on the 23 front-lines. 24 Q. This did you learn from other prisoners? 25 A. Yes. And Ljubo came to collect some of his

1 things, if anything was left. When Ljubo came back --2 because Ljubo probably did not go to the front-lines, he probably handed over these prisoners to someone else. 3 He would hand them over at the front to other soldiers 4 and that was where the danger was. 5 6 Q. You spent most of the time in your cell, 7 night and day. Did you ever see or hear or remember seeing or hearing something unusual during your stay at 8 Kaonik; beatings, screams, sounds, speeches? 9 A. Very frequently, or relatively frequently. 10 11 I did hear beatings rather far away in the other 12 cells. Some people were tortured then in the 13 corridor. We just listened when this was happening, when they were beaten up. But from my cell, two guys 14 were taken out and beaten up. 15 Q. Do you remember their names? 16 17 A. Mustafa Hodzic and Almir Hodzic, Almir Hodzic. That has been imprinted in my memory because 18 they beat them so fiercely that Almir had a serious 19 spine injury. He is still alive, but he is suffering 20 21 from the consequences of this spine injury. 22 Q. Did he tell you anything about what has 23 happened to them?

A. You see, after such cries, we did not talk.We were quiet for hours. When a man comes in, he does

1 not talk. He has suffered terrible torture and fear. 2 We hardly talked at all straight away, but afterwards then he would say that somebody had beat him using 3 karate blows or judo hits and among other things this 4 young man told me that even Zlatko had hit him once or 5 6 twice as he passed by. Q. What about you, were you personally beaten 7 and mistreated, and by whom, if so? 8 9 A. I was mistreated every single moment. We were all mistreated. For instance, you see, a man 10 11 comes in at 3.00 am. He wakes you up like a ghost 12 demanding gold, "give me your gold", what do you do 13 then? All this was mistreatment. I personally was not 14 physically abused. I was not beaten, I was not 15 beaten. I was not hurt by beating. 16 0. You told us the commander's office was near to your cell. Who usually worked with Aleksovski? You 17 18 mentioned a woman, was she a part of the staff or was 19 she a prisoner, or what? 20 A. No, she was a woman employed there. She was 21 the secretary in that office. She probably used the 22 computer as well. Perhaps Zlatko did not know how to 23 use it. 24 Q. Was there a Dzemo who did help Aleksovski as 25 well in his job?

1 Among others, there was this Dzemo. Α. 2 Q. What was he supposed to do in that context? Which was his role? З A. I do not know what his role was, but I do 4 5 know that he mistreated people, that he provoked them, that he sang some songs which we did not like. You 6 7 know, he kept the situation tense. 8 Q. Which kind of songs? 9 A. The songs -- the Croats do not have many songs. They have: "Here is the dawn, here is the day", 10 11 we have Dzure and Boban, they just have two many songs, 12 they just have folk songs that they know how to sing. 13 Q. Did you remember listening to speeches or other hymns being played or being given, delivered in 14 15 the camp? 16 A. I did not listen to any hymns, but, you see, late at night when everything is quiet, they would 17 18 sometimes send out very loud sounds or signals which 19 would wake us up. These signals are unknown to me, was 20 probably some kind of a loud speaker which produced 21 this sound. 22 All this was intended to intimidate us, to 23 frighten us, to exhaust us, so as to prevent us from

24 having a quiet sleep.

25 Q. Were you registered by the Red Cross, and

1 when, if so?

A. Yes. I think it was on 24th April that the
Red Cross registered us. I think it was 24th April.
Q. When were you released and in which
circumstances?

6 A. We were civilians, and it was under those 7 conditions that we were released. Those of us who 8 registered as civilians.

9 However, the HVO soldiers were sitting there, 10 Dzemo among them, in the evening, and they were 11 talking, that in Zenica they only wanted soldiers for 12 an exchange and not civilians, so who registered as 13 a soldier, he would be exchanged and who did not, he 14 would be lost. Some fell for this and so they stayed 15 longer in this camp. They were probably afterwards 16 exchanged even though they were not soldiers but were 17 civilians.

18 MR. MARCHESIELLO: I have no more questions,19 your Honours. Thank you, Mr. Garanovic.

JUDGE RODRIGUES: I should like to ask the technicians to put on the screen the document which is on the ELMO, please. Can we see it on the screen? Thank you. I think we have to make it clear that the letter "A", the one next to the letter "B", is worth nothing, to avoid any confusion. I think this should

1 be done, do you not think? MR. MARCHESIELLO: I fully agree with you, 2 3 your Honour. JUDGE RODRIGUES: Thank you. 4 5 Mr. Registrar, which exhibit number is it? THE REGISTRAR: It is exhibit number 56. 6 7 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Very well, thank you. 8 I think there is no point in asking 9 Mr. Mikulicic whether he wishes to begin the 10 cross-examination now. We thank the Prosecutor for 11 being so punctual, so we shall now have our lunch break 12 and have a good lunch everyone. 13 (12.55 pm) 14 (The luncheon adjournment) 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

(2.30 pm)

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2 JUDGE RODRIGUES: After a week of work, we are well into half of this week, and I think that 3 perhaps all of us are quite tired, but also satisfied 4 with the work we have done. I think that these are two 5 parameters of high quality work, but, at the end, we 6 will be judged too. So we are going to resume our 7 sitting and I think that we have to have the witness 8 brought in, please, Mr. Usher. 9 10 (The witness entered court) 11 Good afternoon, sir. This morning you 12 answered questions from the Prosecution. Now, you are 13 going to answer questions put to you by the Defence 14 counsel of Mr. Aleksovski. 15 Therefore, Mr. Mikulicic, you have the floor, 16 sir. 17 MR. MIKULICIC: Thank you, your Honours. The cross-examination of Mr. Garanovic will be conducted by 18 19 my learned colleague, Mr. Joka. 20 Cross-examined by MR. JOKA 21 Q. Your Honours, may it please the court, I am 22 Mr. Joka, one of the counsel for the accused. 23 I would like to ask you some questions and 24 I would like you to respond to them shortly and 25 succinctly.

First, I would like to correct -- I would 1 2 like you to correct me if I misunderstood any of your statement given during your testimony. 3 Is it true that in Stojkovici, when you were 4 arrested, it was the HVO police who arrested you? 5 6 Α. Yes. Q. Is it true that you were also searched there 7 by the HVO police? 8 9 Yes. When we were boarding the buses. Α. Q. Is it also correct that you were escorted to 10 11 the Kaonik facility by the HVO police? 12 Α. Yes. 13 Q. Is it also correct that the HVO police took away your personal belongings there? 14 15 Α. Yes. 16 Q. Is it correct that the person in charge in the hangar -- that is the HVO police was also in charge 17 of the hangar where you were first brought in? 18 19 A. I do not know that the HVO police was in charge of it. It was not just a hangar, it was a camp 20 and the person in charge there, by the logic of things, 21 22 was the commander. 23 Q. Let us leave alone the logic of things -- no, 24 I am talking about the first night when you were told 25 to put your hands against a wall and things like that.

1 Yes, that was the HVO police who did this. Α. 2 Q. Is it also true that the HVO police also registered you when you first arrived in the camp? 3 A. Yes. There were the HVO police and the HVO 4 military there, so they were all there. 5 6 Q. In other words, we are talking about the HVO units? 7 8 Α. Yes. 9 Q. Very well, now that we have determined that, I would like to take you to the place where you 10 11 described how this compound looked. You talked about 12 the bend and the building around the bend to the 13 right. You also mentioned the HVO in that connection? 14 A. You probably refer to the barracks building, when you turn towards Busovaca. There to the right, on 15 the right-hand side, there was a barracks where the HVO 16 17 soldiers were stationed. 18 MR. JOKA: That is correct. 19 Could we please see the photograph which was offered into evidence by the Prosecution, where the 20 21 witness marked the buildings under "A" and "B"? If we could use that picture for the witness 22 23 to also identify these barracks. Thank you. 24 (Handed). 25 If you could, please show us on this

1 photograph this building. A. (Indicating on photograph). The barracks is 2 3 on the road from Kaonik to Busovaca and there is a right turn off and this is the barracks here. 4 Q. Could you, please, mark it and put the next 5 letter in the alphabet -- that is the letter "C" --6 7 next to it? 8 A. Shall I circle it? 9 Q. Yes, please. (Witness marked photograph). 10 Α. 11 Q. You can also mark it with the letter "C". 12 Thank you. 13 Could you tell us, do you know which units 14 were in these barracks? 15 A. The HVO. 16 Q. Thank you, I am finished as far as the 17 photograph is concerned. I would like to move on to 18 the next area. 19 Except for the HVO units, regardless of 20 whether it was the military or police, did you see any 21 guards around this building? 22 A. During my stay, I was unable to see anyone 23 there because it was around the bend and I never left 24 to see it. Q. Very well. Where you were staying, did you 25

1 see any guards there, in the building where this cell 2 number 12 was? 3 Α. The quards were always there. Q. Now, were these the guards or the HVO troops, 4 the soldiers? 5 Α. These were the soldiers who were assigned to 6 7 control this area, to guard posts, to guard duties there. Those were the HVO soldiers. 8 9 Q. So these were the HVO soldiers exclusively? A. Yes, there were no prison guards. Not in the 10 11 civilian sense of the word. 12 Q. Very well. You constantly use one term, you 13 use the term "commander". Do you distinguish between 14 "commander" and "warden" or "director"; is there 15 a difference between the two? 16 A. Yes. 17 Q. Could you please describe it to us? 18 A. If he is a director he is like director of, let us say, a school. If he is a commander, he is 19 20 a commander of some kind of military unit or military 21 organisation. A director can be -- if you will, in 22 this case, something like a civilian prison, as in this 23 case. Q. Very well, thank you. You explained how you 24 25 understand it.

1 You told the Trial Chamber how you knew of the commander, that you saw him in the garden of the 2 correctional centre? 3 A. No, it was not in the gardens. I saw him in 4 passing in the hallway on the way to this garden. 5 Did you go to that garden? 6 Q. A. Yes. That is a very nice restaurant the 7 there, so a lot of people went there to have coffee and 8 9 such. 10 Q. Now, who all went there? 11 A. Citizens. 12 Q. Do you know that the employees of the 13 correctional centre, the police and the members of the secret police, can have access to this garden by 14 showing their ID cards; in other words, it was not open 15 16 to the public? 17 A. No, that is not true. This was a public 18 premise which was owned by the correctional centre and 19 you, too, could go in there when you came to Zenica to 20 have a cup of tea. Q. Let us go back to Zlatko Aleksovski. You 21 22 said that when you first saw him that he was wearing 23 a uniform? 24 A. Yes, in the camp. Q. Of course, in the camp. Did he have any 25

1 insignia on his uniform?

2 A. I really do not remember that. I really do3 not recall.

Q. Do you know whether Zlatko Aleksovski had any 4 kind of a conflict with any of the soldiers or guards 5 regarding their visiting the prisoners, given that they 6 were armed? Are you familiar with that or not? 7 8 A. I believe that Zlatko disproved -- disagreed with some actions of these soldiers, because any HVO 9 soldier had a right to come there and say: "You know, 10 11 somebody of my own was killed", then he could enter 12 those cells and go and beat up on anyone. I think that 13 there were times when Zlatko did not agree with such 14 actions. 15 Q. When you said that you were not feeling well and you asked to be taken to the director to complain 16 17 to him, he was not a director. When you went to Zlatko 18 Aleksovski and when you complained about your surgery 19 and the effects of it, was there discussion about 20 getting a physician then? A. Yes. I said that I needed a doctor. May 21 22 I continue? 23 Q. Yes, please, go ahead. 24 A. I said: "Sir, commander, I need to see

25 a physician. I have terrible pains, I have cramps in

1 my chest." He told me: "What was the surgery about?" Then I showed him the scar. He said: "You cannot get 2 assistance here for your condition. There is not such 3 a doctor here who can help you with this, so nobody 4 here can give you the right assistance". 5 Then he turned to the soldier and he also 6 told me: "You have this cramps and these pains because 7 8 of the cold". 9 Q. Yes, you already mentioned that. Then he told everything else that I related. 10 Α. 11 Q. And this is how you ended up in cell 12 number 12? 13 Α. Yes. 14 Q. Were you able to sleep there, and if you were, where did you sleep? 15 16 Α. There were some boards -- in fact, there was 17 more like these pallets and there was some kind of a fabric on top of these boards and one blanket, just 18 19 a single blanket. That is where I slept, on those 20 boards. 21 So was that like an improvised bed? Q. Yes, an improvised bed. 22 Α. Was that a little better, better or 23 Q. 24 significantly better than the conditions that you had 25 previously?

1 A. These presented better conditions because I do not think that I would have survived. I think 2 that I would have committed suicide in the other 3 4 there. Q. You said that there were also two Croats 5 there, two soldiers, two HVO soldiers? 6 7 A. Yes, two soldiers. 8 Q. Did they have different conditions from you 9 in that cell? A. Our conditions did not intersect there. 10 11 Q. So you had, what, the same treatment? Could 12 you please explain? 13 A. I was a prisoner. I was outside of the law. I think that they were protected by law. I was not 14 protected by law. 15 Q. No, no, no. My question was about the living 16 17 conditions. Did you have -- did they have beds --18 No, no, no, we had the same conditions. Α. 19 You mean food and everything else? Q. 20 No, the conditions were the same. Α. Very well, thank you. You told us about the 21 Q. 22 little window through which you observed them a little 23 bit and they observed you a little bit. Did you see 24 through that little opening the guards in the hallway? 25 A. The guards were always there, around near the

1 door. 2 Q. So there was not a moment when there were no guards in the hallway? 3 4 Α. I never saw that there were no guards in the hallway. 5 Q. Very well, let us go back to your cell. Were 6 the doors to your cell locked -- I mean closed? 7 8 How do you mean? Α. 9 Q. In such a way that they could not be opened by anyone. 10 11 Α. The door could not be opened from inside. 12 Q. Did you know how they were closed from the 13 outside? 14 Α. There was like a metal bar or a metal handle 15 that would be opened. 16 Ο. Was it like a sliding bar or something? Something like that. 17 Α. So there was no lock? 18 Ο. No, there was no lock. 19 Α. 20 Q. Was there a key? 21 No, there was no key. Α. 22 Q. Do you know where people who remained in the 23 hangar received their food? A. While they were in the hangar, they received 24 25 their food in the hangar and when they went to dig at

1 the front-lines, I think that that is where I suppose they were getting their food. 2 Q. 3 So that is an assumption? Α. Yes. 4 Q. In the future, I would just like you to stay 5 within the realm of what you know positively and about 6 what you just conjecture, please just say that you do 7 not know. 8 9 A. Well, you asked me, so I answered the way you asked me. 10 11 Q. Very well. We are moving now to the forced 12 labour issue. You talked about Ljubo, the policeman, 13 who called people out and who selected them. Do you 14 know unequivocally who put together these lists? 15 Α. I do not know who compiled these lists. 16 Ο. Thank you. Thank you. But it was done in the office. 17 Α. 18 Q. No, my question was just who made them, not where they were made. 19 20 You also mentioned the tragic fate of 21 Omer Lugonic; he was killed at the front-line? 22 Α. Yes. Do you know that unequivocally? 23 Q. I know that for sure. 24 Α. 25 Q. Is it something that others told you or you

1 have first-hand knowledge?

2 A. We knew quite a bit there, --

3 Q. Please, just answer. Was it something that 4 you heard about or something that you actually 5 observed?

A. On that day, Omer was taken -- Ljubo had
r selected me to go to the front-lines. However,
a soldier engaged Ljubo in a conversation for a little
while and I knew that I was unable to work, it would
have been too hard for me, so I used those several
moments that I had while this soldier was talking to
Ljubo --

13 Q. Very well, Mr. Garanovic, you already told us 14 this.

A. But I did not say this: I pulled back, by two metres about -- when Ljubo came back, I was not in the same place where I was when Ljubo first called me out. Then he turned around and he saw a man reading a book and this was Omer Lugonic. He was probably annoyed by that. He said: "You who are reading this book, you are coming with us". Then Omer told me that it was terrible on the front-lines, that the snipers were shooting there --

Q. No, I am just trying to ask you whether you know how he was killed, the circumstances in which he

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1 was killed, not how he left. 2 A. Ljubo came back and he asked for Ljubo's belongings. The word came that he was killed by the BiH 3 4 army. Q. You are saying that you know about his death 5 from what other people said? 6 7 A. Yes. 8 Q. You also said that at night you could hear screams, something that would be related to 9 10 mistreatment or torture? 11 A. This was all part of the intimidation, part 12 of driving people crazy. 13 Q. Were these screams from cells or from some 14 audio tape? 15 A. I see. 16 Q. Just if you know this. 17 A. They had -- how can I call it -- they had loud speakers, so they would play some tapes very loud 18 19 when it was very quiet, when it was silent. 20 Q. And you could distinguish between when this 21 was played back and when it was alive? A. No, these were horrible sounds. These were 22 23 like dying sounds --Q. Yes, but the first, second, third times, was 24 25 it always the same?

A. I do not know. Once I could make out sounds 1 2 like "cut his throat", "slit his throat". I do not know whether it was the guard saying --3 Q. So you do not know whether this was going on 4 for real or if this was a play-back? 5 A. I think it was a play-back and it was done in 6 7 order to intimidate us. 8 Q. Do you know whether the guards, including this Ljubo, was at one point mobilised to go to the 9 front-lines; do you know this? 10 11 A. I think that they did go to the front-lines. 12 Directly. 13 Q. When was this? 14 A. They went there often. Among them, at the front-line, Anto Cakic was wounded. I know that he was 15 16 wounded at the front-line and I heard of others, both 17 from the men in the cells that they were taken to the 18 front-lines. 19 Q. If I understood you correctly, that would also mean that some of the guards were wounded too? 20 21 A. You mean in the front-lines of the guards? 22 Q. Yes. 23 Yes, they were. Α. 24 Q. Were any of the guards wounded in the Kaonik 25 itself, if you know?

A. I do. There was a shell -- a shell was 1 2 lobbed near the barracks and two of the guards were 3 slightly wounded. One I think had a head injury. I think the other had a leg injury. 4 Q. Very well. Thank you. 5 I only have a couple more questions for you. 6 7 You mentioned a certain Dzemo. Do you know what his 8 status was at Kaonik? Was he an HVO member; was he 9 a guard; a prisoner or something else? 10 A. He was a bad guy who was their runner. He 11 probably had something in Zenica --12 Q. I am not asking whether he was a positive or 13 negative character. Do you know what his status was at 14 Kaonik? 15 A. I do not know what his status was. I know 16 that he was constantly provoking, intimidating, 17 mistreating the inmates and he was driving us all 18 crazy. 19 Do you know what his ethnic background is? Q. 20 Α. I think he was a Bosniak. Q. Do you know what his religion is? 21 A. He is nothing, but I think that he would be 22 23 of -- that his religion would be Islam. 24 Q. Could you please tell the Tribunal, do you 25 still have a stone-cutting company?

1	A. Now, I do.	
2	Q. Did you sell the one that you used to have	
3	before?	
4	A. I sold it, but at a much lower price.	
5	Q. What year did you sell it, please?	
6	A. Excuse me, I did not understand that.	
7	Q. What year did you sell it?	
8	A. This was last year.	
9	Q. To whom did you sell it?	
10	A. To the person who was there, to Ratko	
11	Strukar.	
12	Q. Is that the same young man you mentioned	
13	before?	
14	A. Yes.	
15	Q. Were you an eye-witness or in a way presen	t
16	when the first conflicts occurred in Travnik in Octo	oer
17	1992?	
18	A. In October?	
19	Q. Yes, when the first conflicts broke out	
20	between the HVO and the BiH army?	
21	A. I did not travel to Travnik very often.	
22	I usually went to Zenica. I did not belong to the B	iΗ
23	army or any other military organisation.	
24	Q. Did you ever wear a camouflage uniform?	
25	A. No.	

1 Q. Of not a single military formation? 2 Α. Not a single one. Will you please tell us, after having told us 3 Q. how, for almost a month, you managed to avoid going for 4 forced labour? 5 Α. Yes, indeed I managed to avoid it. 6 Q. Very well. Tell us, did that have anything 7 8 to do with your health? 9 Α. I used that too, in a sense, as an excuse. 10 Q. Let me ask you for your assessment. Did you 11 manage not to engage in forced labour for a month 12 because you were skilful or because you were so sick? 13 A. Both. 14 MR. MARCHESIELLO: Objection. This 15 questioning requires a judgement. I am sorry, your Honours, I have to object to this sort of question 16 17 which implies a judgement on the witness. 18 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Yes, I think that we should 19 avoid any judgement on the testimony and the witness, so 20 you can put the question but without any judgement. 21 MR. JOKA: Thank you, your Honour. I shall 22 rephrase the question. 23 Did you go to cell number 12 because of your 24 physical condition? 25 A. Yes.

1 Q. One further question only, does the name 2 Rozika Kordic mean anything to you? A. I think that people were saying that she was 3 a doctor, but I really do not know. No, I do not 4 5 know. Q. You do not know that person? 6 7 Α. No. 8 MR. JOKA: Your Honours, I have no further questions. Thank you. 9 10 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Thank you too. Any 11 additional questions? 12 MR. MARCHESIELLO: Your Honour, yes, I have 13 some additional questions related to the 14 cross-examination we have heard now. 15 Re-examined by MR. MARCHESIELLO 16 Q. First of all, Mr. Garanovic, I know you already answered that, but I would like you to state 17 18 again, after having been cross-examined, from whose 19 office was the sheet of paper taken by Ljubo before he 20 went to the cell to call off the names of those who had 21 to go trench digging. Whose office was that, can you 22 say it again to the court, please? 23 A. From the office of the commander, 24 Mr. Zlatko Aleksovski.

25

Q. Thank you.

Second question: you told the court about 1 sounds that were heard and, according to you, 2 intentionally transmitted during the night in order to 3 intimidate and disturb the prisoners. Particularly, 4 you said you had an opportunity to hear the sounds of 5 somebody being slaughtered and voices saying: 6 "Slaughter him, slaughter him". 7 8 Again, can you say whether this was real or recorded -- whether all was recorded -- were these 9 noises relating to something that was really happening 10 11 that moment or whether they were registered and just 12 transmitted for the same reasons you had mentioned 13 before? 14 A. I think that this was broadcast at that moment, but that the soldier who was in the corridor 15 was saying: "Slaughter him, slaughter him". This was 16 17 to frighten the inmates. 18 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Excuse me for the interruption, but I think you want to say something. 19 20 You have an objection? 21 MR. JOKA: Yes, precisely, your Honour. 22 I have an objection of the same nature. This time the 23 witness is being asked something that we were overruled 24 to ask; that is, his assessment of the situation. 25 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Yes, I think it is

1 necessary to put a precise question regarding the facts rather than the opinions. I think that this applies to 2 3 both the Defence and the Prosecution. Therefore, I think it is not a good idea to ask: "what is your 4 opinion", but: "what do you know about" this or that. 5 Would you please continue, Mr. Prosecutor. 6 MR. MARCHESIELLO: Thank you, your Honour. 7 I agree and I will fully comply with what you say. Let 8 me only underline that one thing is to ask a witness 9 about an opinion about facts and the other thing is 10 11 asking a witness about something that affects his 12 morality and his moral attitude towards what he is 13 experiencing. 14 Anyway, I will fully comply. I do understand 15 and I share what you suggested. 16 My question can be restated in this way: were these sounds, these voices, and these phrases, 17 transmitted through a microphone? 18 19 Through a loud speaker, a large, loud Α. speaker, through a sound system. 20 Q. And could he hear other voices during his 21 stay there in the night saying phrases different from: 22 23 "I will slaughter him, slaughter him"? Did he have an 24 opportunity to hear other voices saying something very 25 precise as to Muslims, for example?

1 A. Yes. I was listening to a voice, a voice 2 very similar to Kordic's voice, very similar. That was at the very beginning. I think this was --3 MR. JOKA: Objection, your Honour. This goes 4 beyond the cross-examination, the scope of the 5 6 cross-examination. JUDGE RODRIGUES: The question goes beyond 7 the scope of the cross-examination, Mr. Prosecutor. So, 8 please withdraw that question. 9 10 MR. MARCHESIELLO: Thank you. I will withdraw 11 the question. Thank you, Mr. President. 12 Another question relates to cross-examination 13 and it is concerning the cell where the witness was 14 taken after having shown his scar and explained his 15 physical situation to Aleksovski. 16 The question is this: were those taken to 17 that cell, all of them in bad physical conditions, did they have any problems with health? First question. 18 19 A. No. Most of them did not have any health problems, aside from the mental condition, though there 20 21 were people who were sick. There was a man who needed 22 haemodialysis, he was not in my cell but in another 23 cell. That was the situation, so that there were some 24 people who were ill, but they were not given medical 25 attention.

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Q. People from your cell, was it people in your 1 cell, were they taken to trench digging as well as 2 people from other cells? 3 A. Yes. Mostly -- most of them, more or less 4 all of them. 5 MR. MARCHESIELLO: Thank you. No other 6 7 questions. 8 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Garanovic, the noise you 9 referred to that was reminiscent of a loud speaker or a tape being played, did it always come from the same 10 11 direction and from the same spot? 12 A. Yes, from the same direction and from the 13 same spot. It was there somewhere within that hangar. 14 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Therefore, the direction 15 from which it came did not change, or did it change 16 sometimes? 17 A. No, it did not change, it did not change. It 18 always came from the same direction. 19 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Thank you. 20 You have completed your testimony. We thank 21 you very much for having come and a safe journey home. 22 A. Thank you. 23 (The witness withdrew) JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Meddegoda, I think you 24 25 are getting ready for the next witness.

MR. MEDDEGODA: Your Honours, before the next 1 2 witness is brought into the court, I am compelled to make an application on behalf of the witness. The 3 witness, your Honours, is witness number 6 on the 4 inventory of witnesses filed, dated 23rd February. 5 On his behalf, your Honours, I am seeking 6 7 protective measures; I am seeking, your Honours, that the witness be assigned a pseudonym and also that the 8 image of his face be distorted during the course of his 9 testimony. We have indicated that we would be applying 10 11 for these protective measures to Mr. Mikulicic and 12 I understand -- I believe that learned Defence counsel 13 has no objection to my application and, therefore, I submit that your Honours be pleased to grant the 14 protective measures I am seeking in respect of this 15 witness. 16

JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Registrar and the usher, JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Registrar and the usher, will you wait for a moment, we still have not decided. I want to ask you, Mr. Mikulicic, whether you have any objection or not to this application? MR. MIKULICIC: Your Honour, the Defence has no objection. JUDGE RODRIGUES: In that case, Mr. Registrar and the usher, you may continue to take the necessary steps, please.

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(The witness entered court) 2 Good afternoon, sir. 3 A. Good afternoon. JUDGE RODRIGUES: It is the president who is 4 speaking to you. You are going to read the statement 5 that the Registrar is going to give to you, please. 6 A. Yes. I solemnly declare that I will speak 7 the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth. 8 9 JUDGE RODRIGUES: You may be seated. You can put your headphones on like this, on top of your head. 10 11 Α. That is better now, thank you. 12 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Thank you for coming here 13 to appear before the International Criminal Tribunal. You are going to answer questions put to you by the 14 15 Prosecutor, Mr. Meddegoda. 16 MR. MEDDEGODA: May I proceed, your Honours? JUDGE RODRIGUES: Yes. 17 18 WITNESS I 19 Examined by MR. MEDDEGODA 20 Witness, before you testify, I would ask you Q. to look at the sheet of paper and confirm whether the 21 22 name which appears on this is your name or not. 23 May this be shown to the witness, your 24 Honours? Thereafter it may be shown to learned counsel 25 for the accused. (Handed).

1 Yes, that is my name. Α. THE REGISTRAR: It is exhibit number 57. 2 MR. MEDDEGODA: I tender that exhibit under 3 seal, your Honours. 4 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Please continue, 5 6 Mr. Meddegoda. MR. MEDDEGODA: Witness, in the course of 7 8 these proceedings, you will be referred to as 9 "Witness I". Witness, could you please state to this court 10 11 what your ethnicity is? 12 Α. I am a Bosniak, of Muslim faith. 13 Q. What is your age? 14 Α. I am 50. 15 Ο. Thank you. Witness, I am taking you to the 16 events of April of 1993. Do you remember the 14th day 17 of April 1993? 18 A. Yes, I remember. 19 Q. Do you remember what you did on that day? 20 A. On the 14th in the morning at 6.00, six of 21 us, six trucks went towards Metkovici for goods, trucks 22 with trailers. 23 Q. Were you able to reach Metkovici that 24 morning? 25 A. No, we were not.

1 How far were you able to proceed? Q. 2 Thirty kilometres from Zenica. Α. 3 Q. And where would that be, 30 kilometres from Zenica, where would that be? 4 A. We were stopped just outside Novi Travnik, 5 locality called Stojkovici. 6 7 Who stopped you in Stojkovici? Q. 8 A. We were stopped at Stojkovici by the army of 9 the HVO, the HVO army. 10 Q. How did you know it was the HVO army? 11 Α. They were in camouflage uniforms and wore HVO 12 insignia. 13 Q. Do you remember, about how many soldiers were 14 there at the point you were stopped? 15 Α. There were four to five soldiers. 16 Q. At about what time was it in the morning when you were stopped? 17 18 It was exactly 6.50 am. Α. 19 Q. What happened after you were stopped by the 20 HVO soldiers? 21 A. When we were stopped, we were ordered to park 22 the trucks on the left-hand side of the carriageway. 23 There were large meadows there and we parked the 24 trucks. We got out and, under escort of those 25 soldiers, we were taken up to a place called Kace.

These were sheds of the former army. There 1 2 was a compound with a big gate to it and we were taken 3 there. Ο. Were all of you taken to this compound? 4 Yes, all of us were taken there. 5 Α. 6 Q. What happened after you were taken to that 7 compound? 8 A. When we got there, we were shut up in a container and there were some civilian prisoners 9 10 there already. 11 Q. How many civilian prisoners were there in the 12 container at the time you were taken there? 13 A. The container consisted of two parts: one 14 part was narrower and the other was wider. In the wider part, one could hear voices of people who were 15 16 imprisoned there and when we were brought there, there 17 was about seven of us. 18 Q. In which part of the container were you 19 detained? Was it in the wider part or the narrower 20 part of the container? A. We were put in the narrower part of the 21 22 container and there were 13 or 14 of us in that 23 narrower part. 24 Q. Do you remember the approximate size of this 25 part of the container that you were put into?

1 A. Well, the width could not have been more than 2 one metre 30 and in lengths perhaps it was 180, not 3 more than that.

4 Q. Thank you. How long were you locked up in5 this part of the container?

A. We spent the whole day there, so that in the 6 7 evening one really could not stand it any more because the only way one could stay there was standing straight 8 up, upright. Then in the evening I and another one of 9 the prisoners, who was director of the mines in Zenica, 10 11 went into a bus and we spent the night there, so that 12 we left the container about eight o'clock in the 13 evening. That was the first time we left it.

14 Q. When you left the container, where were you 15 taken to?

16 A. When we went to the bus to spend the night, 17 in the morning the drivers came for us and we were 18 ordered to drive the trucks into the compound where we 19 were.

20 Q. What happened after the buses were driven 21 into the compound where you were?

A. Could you please repeat the question?
Q. What happened after the buses were driven
into the compound where you earlier were detained?
A. Transport -- city transport bus was brought

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1 there that evening, probably to provide more space for those people in the container, so that they could sit 2 3 there instead of standing upright, as I said. So we spent the night in that bus. Then in the morning, we 4 were told to fetch our trucks and drive them into the 5 compound of the barracks, which was the barracks of the 6 7 former Yugoslav army. 8 Q. About how many people were taken to the barracks of the former Yugoslav army? 9 10 A. There was at least 50 of us in that 11 container, at least 50 there was. 12 Q. And do you know where these barracks were 13 situated? 14 A. If you are referring to the sheds of the Kaonik prison, but I am talking about the container 15 where we were held. 16 17 Q. Yes, so from the container, were you taken 18 elsewhere? 19 A. Yes. In the evening the bus came, after 20 midnight this must have been. We were loaded on to the 21 bus and from there we were taken to Kaonik, to the 22 former barracks, also a military barracks. They took 23 us there. 24 Q. Those were the barracks in Kaonik? 25 A. Yes.

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Q. Who brought you to the barracks in Kaonik? 1 2 A. Well, of course, you know who; the HVO army. Who else? 3 Q. Was the bus in which you were transported to 4 Kaonik escorted? 5 A. Yes, it was. 6 Q. Who escorted the bus? 7 8 A. There was a car in front with HVO soldiers inside and behind us there was another car with HVO 9 10 soldiers also. 11 Q. About what time of the night did you reach 12 Kaonik barracks? 13 A. About 1.00. 14 Q. What happened upon reaching the Kaonik 15 barracks, witness? 16 A. The bus stopped just in front of the shed and 17 we were told to get out and enter. Inside there were 18 at least 150 people held prisoner. 19 Q. What happened when you entered this building 20 in the Kaonik barracks? A. As soon as we got there, we were told to line 21 22 up against the wall; to raise our hands up for them to 23 search us to see whether we had any weapons or knives, 24 and that is what we did. 25 Q. Were you searched as well?

1 I was. Α. 2 Q. And after the search, what happened? 3 A. After we were all searched, we were pulled aside, we were told to move to the side and that is 4 what we did. 5 Q. Were your personal details taken down at the 6 barracks thereafter? 7 8 Yes, they were taken. Α. 9 Who took down your personal details? Q. This was just a regular person in uniform, 10 Α. 11 I guess. He was a soldier and he was sitting at a desk 12 and taking down our data. 13 Q. Did you see any others in HVO uniform at that 14 moment? 15 A. No. As he was taking our data, there were 16 two men in front of the door and when we got there, 17 there were at least seven or eight there. 18 MR. MEDDEGODA: Your Honour, may I seek 19 permission to show the witness an aerial photograph of 20 the camp, which is already admitted into evidence, your 21 Honours? (Handed). 22 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Number? THE REGISTRAR: It is exhibit number 58. 23 JUDGE RODRIGUES: It is Exhibit 58; right? 24 25 THE REGISTRAR: Yes.

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1 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Thank you. 2 MR. MEDDEGODA: Witness, would you please look at the exhibit on the ELMO and point out the place 3 where you were ordered to get off the bus when you were 4 brought to Kaonik that night? 5 How shall I show it? 6 Α. You may use one of the highlighters --7 Q. 8 Here. (Indicating on photograph). Α. 9 Q. I would ask you to circle the building to which you went in first. 10 11 A. This is where we were brought. (Indicating 12 on photograph). 13 Q. Could you please circle that and please place 14 the letter "A" beside that building? 15 Α. (Witness marked photograph). 16 So it was to that building that you were Ο. first brought upon reaching Kaonik camp? 17 18 A. Yes. 19 Q. And it was in that building that you were searched -- you, together with the others -- and 20 21 registered? 22 Α. Yes. Now, witness, could you tell this court, you 23 Q. 24 were brought in the night; what happened the following

25 morning?

A. As soon as we arrived there, and after we were registered and our belongings were taken away from us, they immediately took us -- not all of us but about 20 or 30 of us, we were placed in a vehicle and we were taken to dig trenches.

Q. How many of you were taken to dig trenches?
A. In my group, it was one truckload, that was
25 to 30 persons. This was a village called Jelinak
9 and that is where I went to dig throughout this
10 period.

11 Q. For how long did you have to dig trenches 12 upon being taken to Jelinak?

13 A. We always went digging early in the morning, 14 pre-dawn, and until it was dark, so that means if we left early in the morning, we would come back after 15 dark. If we went early in the morning, that would be 16 17 before the dawn, we would just dig all day long. Q. On how many occasions were you taken to 18 19 Jelinak for trench digging? 20 A. I was taken there almost daily, until the 21 moment when I was wounded on the front-line. 22 Q. On all those occasions, were a group of

23 prisoners taken together with you?

A. They were simply coming and selecting people who they wanted to -- first they would go for -- ask

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1 for volunteers. If there were none, they would say: "You, you, you and you". We would have to go and 2 3 dia. Who would select the prisoners in that way? 4 Q. A. He would simply come in, he would approach us 5 as we were sitting on those pallets and he would say: 6 "you, you and you". He would select a group and we 7 had to follow him. 8 9 Q. Who is it that would say: "You, you and you", approaching the prisoners? 10 11 A. Of course, this would be a soldier, their 12 soldier, an HVO soldier in a camouflage uniform, and he 13 would select us and take us to dig. 14 Q. You said that you were taken daily until the 15 day you got wounded. 16 A. Yes. 17 Q. Could you describe to this court the incident in which you got wounded when you were taken trench 18 19 digging? 20 A. In the night between 20th and 21st, we went 21 digging with that group and it was four of us, at this 22 location we were supposed to dig. Two of them were 23 separated out from us, or put us about 20 metres 24 apart. This was on the edge of the village of 25 Jelinak.

They told us to dig a trench about two by 1 2 three metres and we spent digging it almost the entire night, until we started hearing shells, the shelling 3 was starting. So, at that moment, we started running. 4 We came into the village of Jelinak and I guess their 5 command post was there -- you know, some kind of panic 6 ensued. An HVO soldier came up and he said: "Just line 7 them up against a wall. We have nothing else to do 8 with them, let us shoot them". 9

10 Then an old man said: "Please do not, for 11 Christ's sake, do not." He swore at Christ but then he 12 changed his mind. He said: "turn around". We did. He 13 told us to sit down and we did. He told us to sit 14 down.

15 Then another soldier came and gave us a pack of Corona cigarettes: "I know that you drivers like to 16 smoke Marlboro, but we do not have it, so Corona will 17 do". We each took a cigarette, lit it up, asked for 18 some water because we were not receiving water over 19 there. That is there was some water where we were 20 21 digging, but there were, among the soldiers, those who allowed us to drink water, but certain soldiers in 22 23 this -- I noticed one in a camouflage uniform and 24 I noticed that they were afraid of him.

25 So, when we would ask of him to drink water,

1 he would never give us, but when he would move away, 15 2 or 20 metres, they told us: "Go on now, drink". At that time when they did not shoot us, they 3 took us down towards Loncari and back towards the camp 4 and there was a vehicle coming, Praga coming from the 5 direction of Loncari with this fragmentation bullets. 6 At that time they said: "lie down, because it is 7 dangerous". At that point I was hit and wounded in my 8 hand. 9 Q. You said you were wounded on your hand, is 10 11 it? 12 Α. Yes. 13 Q. On which hand were you wounded? 14 Α. The right hand. 15 What happened after you were wounded on the Ο. right hand? 16 A. After I was wounded, the HVO soldier took 17 a bandage and bandaged my hand. When we reached the 18 barracks, we were taken to where the cells were. 19 I later heard that these were the solitaries and 20 21 I spent about three or four hours there with another 22 wounded person who was also wounded as I was, but over 23 on the other side. 24 When it dawned -- when the morning came 25 around 8.00 or 9.00 o'clock, I was taken to the

1 infirmary.

Q. You said you were brought back and you were 2 taken to the cells. Now, could you -- would you be 3 able to identify the building in which the cells were, 4 looking at the photograph that is on the ELMO? 5 A. Yes, sure. 6 Q. Would you please look at the photograph, 7 witness, and, using the pointer, could you please point 8 out the building to which you were taken after being 9 10 wounded? 11 Α. Should I circle it? 12 Q. Yes, please. Go ahead. Using a highlighter marker pen could you please circle the second building 13 to which you were taken to after being wounded? 14 15 A. Right. It is this one. (Witness marked 16 photograph). 17 Q. Could you please mark that building with the 18 letter "B"? 19 (Witness marked photograph). Α. 20 In the cell that you were put into, were Q. 21 there others detained in that cell? 22 A. No, it was only the other person who was 23 wounded and myself, and the cell in which we were put 24 was the solitary cell and that is where I was and the 25 person who was wounded in the back.

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Q. Do you know the name of the person who was 1 wounded in the back? 2 3 A. I do not, but I know that he is somewhere from the Tesanj area. I used to know his name, but 4 I cannot recall it any more. 5 Q. Do you know the circumstances under which he 6 was wounded in the back? 7 8 A. It was always during the digging and while they were withdrawing, he was hit with a shell fragment 9 and wounded in the back. 10 11 MR. MEDDEGODA: May I have your Honour's 12 permission to show the witness an extract from P4? 13 These have been exhibited before. There are copies for 14 your Honours and my learned friend. (Handed). 15 THE REGISTRAR: It is exhibit number 59. 16 MR. MEDDEGODA: Could you please place that on 17 the ELMO, usher? 18 Witness I, could you please look at the map 19 that is on the ELMO. Carefully look at that map. 20 Could you, please, point out the place, the village 21 Jelinak where you said you were taken for trench 22 digging? 23 (Witness marked map). Α. 24 Q. Could you please circle that area and mark it 25 with the letter "A"?

1 A. (Witness marked map). Q. It was whilst trench digging in that area 2 that you got wounded in your right hand? 3 A. Yes, as we were withdrawing. I was wounded 4 in the village of Loncari, as we were already going 5 6 back to the camp. Q. Thank you. Thank you, Mr. Usher. 7 8 Witness, you said you were brought back to the camp and put into a cell; what happened after you 9 were put into that cell? 10 11 A. When the time came, that is when the HVO 12 soldier came to get me and the other person who was 13 there with me. He took us in a vehicle to Busovaca, to 14 this health centre. I was put in a cast, on my open wound, and I was told to go back into the vehicle, that 15 16 I was not allowed to walk around. I had to wait for 17 this colleague of mine. 18 They could not find the shrapnel in his back, 19 so they did not do anything to him. When we came back 20 I was placed in cell number 5. 21 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Meddegoda, is there 22 a chance of you finishing the examination-in-chief by 23 four o'clock? 24 MR. MEDDEGODA: Your Honours, I may go 25 a little beyond four o'clock. Maybe five or 10 minutes

1 beyond four o'clock, not more than that, if your 2 Honours would permit me. JUDGE RODRIGUES: Very well. I think that it 3 would be a good idea to have a break for the benefit of 4 the interpreters and ourselves as well. We will resume 5 work at 4.10 pm. 6 7 (3.50 pm) 8 (A short break) 9 (4.10 pm) 10 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Mikulicic, would you 11 like to take over -- no, no, I am sorry. I beg your 12 pardon, we had not finished with the examination in 13 chief. Mr. Meddegoda. 14 MR. MEDDEGODA: Thank you, your Honour. 15 I will not take very long, your Honours. 16 Witness I, before the recess, in answer to my 17 question, you said to this court that from the health centre you were brought back and put into cell 18 19 number 5? 20 A. Yes. 21 Q. You were put into cell number 5; were there 22 others in that cell? 23 A. Yes, there were two soldiers of the BiH army 24 imprisoned there. 25 Q. Do you remember the condition of those two

1 soldiers who were in that cell? A. Yes, I remember. They were beaten up more or 2 less, beaten up. 3 Q. Did you have occasion to speak to the two 4 soldiers in that cell? 5 A. No, they did not want to talk. They did not 6 trust me, they did not know who I was. 7 8 Q. Where did you observe injuries, or where were they beaten, on which part of their bodies were they 9 beaten, from what you saw? 10 11 A. Their back, their face, their arms, their 12 whole body. 13 Q. So, for how long were you in that cell, 14 witness, in cell number 5? 15 A. Five or six days. 16 Q. Do you remember anything in particular happening to you whilst you were in that cell? 17 18 A. When I came from the health centre my hand 19 was in a cast and the next day, or maybe even the day 20 after, the door opened and a soldier in uniform 21 entered. He just looked at me and he hit me real hard, 22 so that I had a bruise, black eye, for almost two 23 months. 24 Q. Who was the soldier who hit your eye? 25 A. He was their soldier but I do not know his

1 name. They asked me if I could recognise him, but I do 2 not know. Q. Who asked you if you could recognise the 3 soldier? 4 A. One morning a guard came, the guard of the 5 6 cells and he told me that the commander needed me, so 7 I went -- he was taken -- I was taken to the place 8 where the gentleman was sitting and he asked me whether 9 I had hit myself while digging with a shovel or with a pickaxe. "No", I said, "I was hit in the cell". 10 11 Q. How did you know that the person who 12 questioned you was the commander? 13 A. The guard who came for me, he said that we had to go -- I had to go and see the commander, he 14 15 wanted to see me. 16 Q. Did the commander introduce himself to you? 17 A. No. As soon as I entered the office, I know 18 where it was I entered, and the man who brought me 19 said: "There you are. You have to go and see so and 20 so". Q. In relation to your cell, to cell number 5, 21 22 where was the commander's office? Was it in the same 23 building or was it in a different building? 24 A. In the same building. In the same building, 25 off the corridor.

Q. So, how did you respond to the commander's 1 question? 2 3 A. He asked me whether I had hit myself with a shovel or a pickaxe while digging and I said: "No", 4 that I had not hit myself, but that I had been hit by 5 one of the HVO soldiers who simply entered the cell and 6 7 hit me. 8 Q. Did the commander ask you any further questions? 9 10 A. No, he did not. 11 Q. Now, witness, would you be able to describe 12 the physical appearance of the commander whom you saw 13 in that office that day? 14 A. Of course I would. 15 Ο. Could you please, to this court? 16 Α. The man who received me? 17 Q. Yes, the man who received you in the 18 commander's office. 19 A. There he is over there, sitting there. 20 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Registrar, has it 21 entered the record that the witness has pointed in the 22 direction of Mr. Aleksovski? JUDGE VOHRAH: Mr. Prosecutor, I do not think 23 24 you clarified how the witness was hit by the soldier 25 who entered the cell, was it by his fist --

MR. MEDDEGODA: Very well, your Honour, I will 1 2 go back to that issue. Now, witness, I will take you back to the 3 incident where you were hit by a soldier. Would you 4 tell this court -- now, you said you were in cell 5 number 5 that day; is that right? 6 7 A. Yes. I came from the health centre and they 8 took me to cell number 5. The next day, or the day after, the door opened. This HVO soldier entered. We 9 were sitting down on these planks nailed together, and 10 11 he simply entered and hit me with his left hand against 12 my right eye. 13 Q. Thank you, witness. 14 Witness, when you were in the commander's office, you said to the commander -- that is the 15 accused, to whom you pointed out a while ago -- that 16 you were hit by a soldier; is that right? 17 18 Α. Yes. 19 Q. To your knowledge, do you know whether any action was taken against the soldier who hit you in the 20 21 cell, inside the cell? A. I do not know that. 22 Now, after that conversation with the 23 Q. 24 commander, were you brought back to the cell? 25 A. I was.

Q. Were you brought back to the same cell that 1 2 you were in earlier? 3 Α. Yes. And what happened to you thereafter? 4 Ο. I was in the cell until I was released home. 5 Α. 6 Q. Witness, do you know when you were released 7 from custody? 8 A. I think I was released on the 26th or the 27th April 1993. 9 Q. Do you know the circumstances under which you 10 11 were released from custody? 12 A. One of my colleagues, who is also a driver, 13 he was wounded on the 22nd, and seriously wounded, so that he was transferred from Busovaca to Zenica to the 14 hospital there and when the report came that he was in 15 the hospital in Zenica, people started asking where we 16 17 were, because nobody knew where we were, and when he 18 told them that we were at Kaonik, the Red Cross came 19 and the next day, or the day after, they released us, the six of us were released. But this driver who had 20 21 been wounded, he was already in Zenica by then. 22 Q. Witness, do you know how this colleague of 23 yours -- do you know how he was wounded? 24 A. He was also wounded in his right arm, but it

25 was a very serious wound, so that his arm was in

special wires for five months. It was a very serious
 injury and that is why he was transferred to Zenica in
 the first place.

Q. Witness, I am taking you back to the hangar 4 building that you were originally detained in. Do you 5 remember the conditions in that building, the building 6 7 which you marked with the letter "A"? 8 A. It is a hangar which is about 35 metres long and wide, between 18 and 20 metres, which has 9 absolutely no partitions, just supporting concrete 10 11 pillars. The floor was concrete too, but there was 12 quite a bit of earth over the concrete and we had 13 nothing to sit on. 14 We would go out to fetch these pallets. 15 These are things used for transportation of goods, when loading on to trucks, and we would sit or lie on these 16 17 pallets. 18 There was no toilet. The toilet was outside 19 the building, across the path. It was made there. It 20 was made by us prisoners as a latrine. There was no 21 water. There was a barrel and a pail and that is how 22 we drank water. 23 Q. Did you have heating inside the hangar

24 building? 25 A. No, we had no heating. At the end of the building was this barrel with holes in it and sometimes we could make a fire in it. One cannot certainly describe it as having been comfortable and warm. Q. Witness, what about the conditions in the cell in which you were detained, the building which you marked with the letter "B"?

7 A. In this cell, the conditions were far better because when we were in that upper building there were 8 a lot of people imprisoned there. When food was 9 10 brought, there was a table of about two metres in 11 length, and we would be given a fixed amount of time to 12 eat. For instance, they would say: "In 20 minutes you 13 have to finish your meal". Can you imagine, 200 men, when they rush to the table. I was in that building 14 for maybe four or five days and all that I managed to 15 get would be a piece of bread, as a meal. 16

17 Q. What facilities did you have for sleeping in 18 the cell?

A. Those were just boards, nailed together, from one wall to the other. They were about 40 or 50 metres above floor level. They were like wooden boxes, and that is what we slept on.

Q. Witness, you said you were released from detention on 26th or 27th April 1993; and where were you taken to upon your release?

1 Α. To Zenica. 2 MR. MEDDEGODA: I have no further questions, 3 your Honours. Before I wind up, I would like documents 4 Exhibit 58 and 59, I would move that those documents be 5 admitted into evidence, your Honour. 6 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Excuse me, Mr. Meddegoda, 7 8 I did not understand your question. Could you repeat it, please? 9 MR. MEDDEGODA: I marked two documents, your 10 11 Honours, P58 and 59. I move that those documents be 12 admitted into evidence, your Honours. 13 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Yes, thank you. 14 MR. MEDDEGODA: Thank you. 15 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Mikulicic, we seem to 16 have developed a habit to start with you, so you have 17 the floor now. MR. MIKULICIC: The Defence counsel is 18 19 grateful, but colleague Joka will be cross-examining 20 this witness. 21 Cross-examined by MR. JOKA Q. Your Honours, may it please the court. First 22 23 I would like that the witness be shown the exhibit 24 number 58, the photograph of the Kaonik camp. I would 25 like to start my questioning by showing this photograph

1 first. (Handed). 2 May we now -- in this photograph, you identified two buildings? 3 4 Α. Yes. Q. You marked them with letters A and B and, as 5 you can see, there are additional buildings here. Can 6 you identify any additional buildings here? 7 8 Α. No. 9 Q. You have a building by the road and you have several buildings behind the buildings A and B. You 10 11 cannot identify a single one of them? 12 A. No. 13 MR. JOKA: Thank you. We have no further use 14 for the exhibit number 58. 15 You stated to the Trial Chamber that it was 16 six drivers who were arrested? 17 Α. Yes. 18 Q. Among them was a driver named Cajdric? 19 Α. Yes. 20 Did he have money on him? Q. 21 We all had money. Α. 22 MR. MEDDEGODA: Your Honours, if I may 23 interrupt my learned friend, may I submit to your 24 Honours that because the witness has protective 25 measures that the court be pleased to move into private

1 session with the names of the other colleagues being 2 divulged in cross-examination, which would mean, in turn, that the witness's own identity might get 3 revealed? 4 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Yes. Thank you, 5 Mr. Prosecutor. I was aware of that. If we need to 6 cite names, we better have a private session. 7 8 MR. JOKA: Your Honours, I think we can reach 9 our desired statements without going into the private session. I think that I can ask my questions in such 10 11 a way as not to reveal ... I am saying this for 12 simplicity's sake. 13 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Yes. If we respect the 14 requirement to protect the witness, we can continue in 15 public session, can we not, Mr. Prosecutor? 16 MR. MEDDEGODA: Very well, your Honour, we 17 could continue. 18 JUDGE RODRIGUES: In that case, you may 19 continue, Mr. Joka. 20 MR. JOKA: I thank you for your drawing 21 attention to the matter, and I will try to present in 22 a manner where no names are mentioned. 23 Was there a colleague among the ones who were 24 arrested with the money who gave his money to the 25 safe-keeping of a Croat soldier?

A. You see, we were over 200 in this hangar. 1 I know what you are trying to ask me. 150 people were 2 robbed, 150 people. They even took their clothes and 3 footwear. I know what you are trying to ask me, sir. 4 Let me tell you, when they placed me against a wall and 5 started searching me, this man, Cajdric, he was 6 a colleague of mine --7 8 Q. Just please do not mention his name. If I do not, please you do not. 9 10 Very well, yes. Α. 11 I do not know who this person was, whether he 12 was a policeman or a soldier, but I know him. He asked 13 him: "what are you doing here?" He said: "I was going 14 to get some merchandise". It is true that this man 15 said: "I have some extra money on me". He gave him the money and it is true that this money was then returned, 16 but do not forget 150 people were robbed completely. 17 18 Could you tell us what amount that was? Ο. 19 You mean how much money the driver gave to Α. 20 this man of yours? It was not my man, it was just a man. 21 Q. I think it was 10 to 12,000 German marks. 22 Α. 23 Q. Thank you. I will move on. 24 When you described the situation when you 25 were digging trenches, you said to the Trial Chamber

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1 that the HVO soldiers behaved in a different manner, 2 for instance, some allowed you to drink water. But 3 when there was a particular man present there, it seemed as if they, themselves, were afraid of him. 4 5 Α. Yes. You understood that correctly. 6 Q. Do you know who that was? No. I do not know who it was. I do not know 7 Α. this man, he was not a local. 8 9 Q. Was there anything special about this man that you can recall? 10 11 A. No. There was nothing like that. When we 12 went digging, there were two or three guards who 13 guarded us. It was -- most of it was done during the 14 night-time. 15 Q. You said during the night of the 20th to 21st there was a shelling and everybody fled? 16 17 A. Yes. Everybody fled. 18 Q. Right. Did anybody stop you, you who were digging, were you prevented from fleeing in that 19 20 initial phase? A. Nobody stopped us because they were fleeing 21 22 themselves. We just collected the shovels and ran. 23 Q. You said that after you were wounded you were 24 placed in a cell and that two men who were there were 25 BiH army soldiers?

1 Α. Yes. 2 How do you know they were BiH army soldiers? Q. 3 Α. You could not have had an HVO soldier in 4 there. 5 Is that an assumption of yours? Q. That is not an assumption, it is certainty. 6 Α. But did they tell you that? 7 Q. 8 Α. Yes, they were told -- they told me this 9 later. Q. But you said that nobody wanted to talk to 10 11 you? 12 A. At first nobody talked to me, but later when 13 I was told that I would go, I even -- I even got some 14 phone numbers to call people to tell them were certain 15 people were. 16 Q. Were these two people in civilian clothes or 17 in uniform? 18 A. They were dressed, sort of, sloppily. 19 Q. Can you explain to the Trial Chamber what 20 "sloppily" means? A. He has trousers -- shoes without laces, some 21 22 kind of trousers and camouflage -- and a jacket. Q. You know that a soldier and a civilian can be 23 24 dressed sloppily. Can you explain what it was -- what 25 it meant?

A. Well, I think that it can happen to both the 1 civilian and the soldiers. 2 3 Q. I do not know what "sloppy" means. In your sense of the word, what does it mean? 4 A. Well, it is unmatched, it can be camouflage 5 6 top or camouflage trousers and torn sweater or 7 something. 8 Q. Were there any insignia of rank there? 9 Α. No. After you were wounded, were you, again, 10 Q. 11 taken to dig trenches? 12 A. No. 13 Q. I would like to move on to the episode with the director or warden. Did the director ask you 14 explicitly whether you could recognise the HVO soldier 15 16 who hit you? 17 A. First of all, he was not my director and 18 I did not know him. Only the turnkey came to me. 19 Q. I know that. What did the man ask you? 20 A. He told me: "Did you hit yourself while you 21 were digging trenches with a shovel or a pickaxe?". 22 I said: "No. No, I was not hit with either a shovel or 23 a pickaxe, but I received a blow from a soldier who 24 opened the door, who entered and he hit me with his 25 right arm" --

1 Q. But did the director ask you whether you could identify this soldier? 2 3 I told him that I could not identify him. Α. So he did ask you? 4 Ο. Yes. 5 Α. Did the director ask you other things or was 6 Q. the discussion just regarding your injury? 7 He probably --8 Α. 9 Q. Let us not deal in probabilities. Did he ask anything else? 10 11 A. He did not ask me anything else. He said: 12 "can you recognise the man who hit you?". I said 13 I could not, even though I could have recognised him, 14 but for my own safety, I told him that I could not. 15 Q. Now, for my own sake, I am not sure whether 16 I had understood this correctly, when you talked about 17 your colleague who received the severe injury in his 18 arm, did you say that he was transferred to the health 19 centre at Busovaca and from there to the Zenica 20 hospital? 21 A. I do not know where he was transferred, 22 whether it was to the health centre in Busovaca or to 23 the Zenica hospital, but once he was in the hospital, 24 and when our people found out --

25 Q. Excuse me, what hospital?

1 Α. The Zenica hospital. 2 Q. Very well. I would like now to move on to 3 the conditions in the cells. How much food did you 4 receive there? 5 A. When we were in the cells, we received food 6 regularly. Q. 7 Where did you take your meals? 8 Α. In the hallway. 9 Q. Sitting or standing? 10 Α. Sitting down, at a table. 11 Q. How was the hygiene? 12 Α. There was a toilet there. 13 Q. Were you prevented from going to relieve 14 yourselves? 15 Α. No. 16 Ο. Were you able to wash up, wash your hands? Yes, we could. 17 Α. Could you perform religious rights? 18 Q. That I do not know. 19 Α. Were you ever present when anybody was 20 Q. 21 mistreated, when anybody was beaten? 22 Α. No. 23 Q. In the end, when you were exchanged, was the 24 director present there? 25 A. Yes.

1 Did you greet each other? Q. 2 We did. Α. 3 Q. How did you do that? We shook hands. Everybody shook hands. 4 Α. Q. Does the name Sehovic mean anything to you? 5 He is a merchant. 6 7 Α. No. 8 Q. Apparently he was exchanged at the same time 9 when you did? 10 Α. That is probably the man who was among us in 11 these six vehicles. He is probably their in-law. 12 Q. I think that is who you have in mind? 13 Α. Yes, that is who I have in mind. He was 14 there and he was released with us. 15 Ο. It was another prisoner? 16 Α. Yes, he was a civilian imprisoned. Whose in-law was he? 17 Ο. 18 A. You know, the six of us who went to get that 19 merchandise, he was, sort of, our escort and our guide and in charge of -- for getting this merchandise. 20 21 Q. Do you know whether this Sehovic, during the release, was taking some things to the director's 22 23 mother-in-law? A. That I do not know. 24 25 MR. JOKA: Your Honour, we have no further

1 questions to this witness.

JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Meddegoda?
 MR. MEDDEGODA: No further questions in
 re-examination.

5 JUDGE NIETO NAVIA: Someone hit you in your 6 eye. You said he was an HVO soldier. After that, 7 a guard came to ask you about that. Which was the 8 difference between a soldier and a guard?

9 A. Not after that. That could have been a day10 or two later.

JUDGE NIETO NAVIA: What I want to know is: which was the difference between a soldier and a guard? A. There was absolutely no difference. They all wore camouflage uniforms with the HVO insignia, and this turnkey who was there, I do not know if he was wounded, but he had it in a sling or something, so he was the guard of our cell.

18 JUDGE RODRIGUES: We have no more questions 19 for you, sir. Thank you for coming. We wish you 20 a safe journey home. Thank you.

21 A. Thank you too.

JUDGE RODRIGUES: Mr. Usher, can you please
bring down the curtains?

24 (The witness withdrew)

25 MR. MEDDEGODA: My learned friend will be

1 taking the next witness, your Honours. 2 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Is he also a protected 3 witness, Mr. Prosecutor? 4 MR. MARCHESIELLO: No, your Honour, he is not a protected witness. 5 JUDGE RODRIGUES: In that case, we should 6 7 open the curtains and everything else. Thank you, 8 Mr. Registrar. 9 MR. MARCHESIELLO: Can I ask your Honour's 10 kindness, how many minutes I have left to start 11 examining the witness? 12 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Well, we can begin, but we 13 plan to end at 5.30. That is the usual time. 14 MR. MARCHESIELLO: Fine. 15 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Thank you for your concern, 16 Mr. Prosecutor. 17 MR. MARCHESIELLO: I am sorry, I was wrong in 18 thinking that the court would be sitting until 5.00. 19 5.30 is all right. 20 JUDGE RODRIGUES: There is no problem. 21 I make mistakes too. Never mind. (The witness entered court) 22 Good evening, sir. Can you hear me well? 23 24 Α. Yes, I do. 25 JUDGE RODRIGUES: You are going to read the

1 statement given to you by the usher, please. 2 A. I solemnly declare that I will speak the truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth. 3 4 JUDGE RODRIGUES: You may be seated. Thank you for coming. You are now going to answer questions 5 put to you by the Prosecutor, please. 6 7 A. Yes. 8 MEHO SIVRO 9 Examined by MR. MARCHESIELLO 10 Good afternoon, Mr. Sivro, do you feel Q. 11 comfortable? 12 A. Good afternoon. 13 Q. Is it all right with you? 14 Α. Yes. 15 Ο. Can we start by stating your name, age, date and place of birth, please? 16 17 A. Yes. My name is Meho Sivro. I was born on 15th October 1946 in Sivrino Selo, in the Vitez 18 19 municipality. 20 What is your nationality and faith, religion? Q. 21 I am a Muslim. My religion is Islam. Α. Would you please outline briefly for the 22 Q. 23 court which kind of education you did have, which 24 schools did you attend? 25 A. I completed the technical school in Zenica

1 for metals.

2 Q. Did you perform any military service and, if so, in which army and with which ranks? 3 A. Yes. I served in the JNA. Upon release, 4 I was a sergeant, a reserve sergeant. 5 Q. Would you please give us a summary of your 6 professional experiences after that, after you 7 completed your studies. In which fields, which tasks 8 9 and responsibilities, in which factories? 10 A. After I completed technical school, I worked 11 in the corporation called Bratstvo and I was involved 12 in the various jobs. Towards the end I was the 13 co-ordinator of a group for mechanical research. 14 Q. Where is Bratstvo factory located? 15 A. It is in Novi Travnik, maybe 500 metres beyond Novi Travnik in the direction of the south. 16 Q. What do they produce there? 17 18 A. There are several plants; a plant of castings, then a plant for hydraulics, a plant for 19 tractors and a special purpose factory. 20 21 Q. Did they produce military -- any weapons 22 there? 23 That is what is implied when we talk of Α. 24 special purpose factory. It is weapons. 25 Q. Which was the proportion between Croats and

1 Muslims employees and workers there at Bratstvo? A. Until the actual conflict, which means about 2 12th April, we got on very well together. But already 3 then, the Muslims were corrected in the way they spoke, 4 they had to use Croat terms, and similar 5 provocations of that kind. 6 Also, they had already loaded weapons and 7 taken them away, but the other side was not allowed to 8 do that because the managers, the sales managers were 9 Croats, who enabled this to be done. 10 11 Q. How was the situation in your village, which 12 I understand to be Sivrino Selo, as to the relations 13 between the two groups? 14 A. Yes, it is called Sivrino Selo. Between the Muslims and the Croats in the area I lived in, Sivrino 15 Selo leans partly on to Dubravice and I was very close 16 17 with a Croat there, whose nephew is here in the Tribunal, he is called Furundzija, so you know him, and 18

19 I would go there every week for a party and he would 20 come to visit me.

21 We would talk, have drinks and we were really 22 very close. The other women would come to visit the 23 our women and we would exchange visits. Our relations 24 were very good, even when I was captured. I think that 25 this friend of mine wanted to help me and save me from

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1 the camp, but he did not succeed.

Thank you, Mr. Sivro. Can you tell the court 2 Q. what happened to you on April 14th 1993? 3 A. On 13th April I was not working because the 4 situation had deteriorated and in the evening, about 5 seven o'clock, a colleague of mine called me up, 6 7 a Croat who used to work with me and said: "The 8 situation has settled down and we can go to work". I believed him. However, in the settlement of 9 Stojkovici, we were stopped by the HVO police. I am 10 11 not sure whether it was the HVO army. Anyway, we were 12 stopped. We all had to show our IDs. 13 Of course, the Muslims were separated to one side, the Croats to the other and I was among those who 14 were separated and transferred to a nearby warehouse in 15 Stojkovici which we are familiar with and we called it 16 Kace. That is where I was imprisoned. 17 18 Q. Could you please explain, by which means were you travelling when you were arrested? 19 20 A. Every morning I went on foot for a kilometre from my village where the factory bus would come to 21 pick us up and transfer us every day from Vitez, the 22 23 railway station at Vitez to Novi Travnik. 24 Q. So the Croat which were travelling on the bus 25 were able to reach the factory, they were allowed to go

1 on, on their way to Bratstvo?

2 A. No, no. They were returned.

3 Q. And where were you taken from, from there?
4 You say the same of the place --

A. You mean from the bus or from the camp?
Q. No, from the place where you were arrested.
You were taken to the camp. Which was the camp? Was
it a military camp?

9 A. Before the war, it was a military warehouse.
10 Since, they had already occupied it as their own, taken
11 possession of it as a military warehouse, probably.

12 Q. How -- did you recognise the soldiers or the 13 policemen who did arrest you and those who were at the 14 camp? If they were HVO, what kind of insignia did they 15 have and how were they dressed?

A. They were wearing camouflage uniforms with HVO insignia but I did not recognise any one of those who arrested me. I only recognised a soldier in the camp. I would rather not mention his name for safety reasons, but I think his name is mentioned in my statement. He is a very well-known figure in Novi Travnik.

23 Q. You mean his safety, not your safety, 24 I imagine?

A. My own. My safety. I am thinking of my own

25

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1 safety. 2 Q. Did you find other persons detained on your arrival at the camp? 3 4 A. I did. But there were not many of them because I came there early, about 6.30. I did not look 5 at my watch, so I do not know exactly, but as time went 6 7 by more and more of them came so that by the evening on that day, there were about 50 of us. 8 9 Q. Were they all Muslims, were they all 10 civilians? 11 A. I think they were, but not necessarily. 12 There may have been a Serb among them. 13 Q. But anyway, they were all civilians, there 14 were no soldiers among them? 15 A. All civilians. 16 Q. Can you tell us something about their average 17 age? I think between 18 and close to 70. 18 Α. 19 So at the end of the day, how many of them Q. 20 did spend the night in the camp? 21 All of us. We all spent the night there. Α. 22 Yes, but how many, approximately? Q. 23 Α. Fifty-seven. 24 Q. Then what happened the day after? You spent 25 all the day after at the camp?

1 A. Yes. We spent the whole day in a very 2 crowded container. There were a lot of us there. The 3 container was small, so that in the evening -- I think 4 this was after midnight -- we were transferred by bus 5 to Busovaca. Seven of those people were released to go 6 home. Q. From Busovaca, where were you taken? 7 8 A. I was taken from the camp to dig trenches in 9 the village of Jelinak. 10 Q. After you left the camp and by bus, you said 11 you were taken to Busovaca. Would you be more precise 12 about that, in Busovaca or near Busovaca? 13 The camp in Busovaca, it is called Kaonik. Α. 14 Q. When did you arrive at Kaonik? 15 Α. It was after midnight. I think it was about 1.00 am, 10 or 15 minutes after 1.00. They took all 16 our watches away. But anyway, it was after midnight. 17 18 Q. Was it April 15th, the night --19 A. No. If it was after midnight, then this was 20 the 16th April. 21 Q. So you arrived that night? 22 Α. Yes. MR. MARCHESIELLO: Now, Mr. Sivro, I am going 23 24 to show you an aerial photograph of the camp. Can it 25 be introduced as usual? Can it be numbered?

1 (Handed). THE REGISTRAR: It is exhibit number 60. 2 3 MR. MARCHESIELLO: Will you put, please, the photograph on the ELMO, Mr. Usher? 4 So, Mr. Sivro, can you look at the photograph 5 6 on your right? 7 A. Yes. I see it. 8 Q. So you said you arrived that night. Do you remember passing through a gate on entering the camp? 9 A. I do. We passed through the gate. We hardly 10 11 stopped there at all and we reached a warehouse. 12 Q. Can you show us where that warehouse is on 13 the map -- on the photograph? 14 A. I can. (Indicating on photograph). It is this one, this building here. This warehouse I am 15 showing you with the stick. 16 17 Q. Can you mark it with the pen and put on it 18 the letter "A", please? 19 (Witness marked photograph). I have marked Α. 20 the part in front of the building --21 JUDGE RODRIGUES: Excuse me, Mr. Usher, could 22 you please help the witness with his headphones, so 23 that he can listen in comfort. 24 A. That is fine now, thank you. 25 MR. MARCHESIELLO: What happened then?

1 A. All of us from the bus were put up in this 2 hangar. Of course, we had to immediately line up against the wall with our hands up and without saying 3 anything at all or without moving. We had to stand 4 there for almost two hours, for roughly two hours. 5 Q. Were you searched by the guards or the 6 soldiers there? 7 8 A. Yes, yes. They ordered us to take out everything we had in our pockets; money, everything we 9 had. They threatened if anyone did not do as they were 10 11 told, that they would be killed. 12 Q. Did you have any money with you, or other 13 personal belongings that you had to give to the 14 soldiers? 15 A. Yes. I had some money. I had a watch, a pen knife and a pencil. They took all that. 16 17 Ο. Did you have rings on you? 18 Yes, I said I had my wedding ring. Α. 19 So, did you have to give it to the guards? Q. 20 We had to put it aside. Of course, they took Α. it for themselves. 21 When you say "they", you mean HVO soldiers --22 Q. HVO soldiers, yes. 23 Α. How were they dressing? How did you 24 Q. 25 recognise them as HVO soldiers?

They had camouflage uniforms. I did not see 1 Α. 2 the HVO insignia because we did not dare look at those soldiers. We had to turn our heads towards the wall 3 with our hands up. One of the soldiers shouted so much 4 at us that we did not dare move an inch, not to mention 5 turning our heads around to see -- at least I did not 6 7 see. I saw they were in camouflage uniforms, though. 8 Q. Were there any other prisoners in the hangar when you did arrive there? 9 10 A. Yes, yes, there were. I think about 80 to 11 100 prisoners were already there in the hangar. They 12 were almost all of them lined up against the wall. 13 Q. Now I want to ask you, were you registered or 14 were your names taken down and written down? 15 Α. Yes. 16 Ο. And by whom? 17 There was some soldiers at a table and we Δ moved one by one and they registered us. 18 19 Q. Who did register you? Who did take your 20 names? 21 HVO soldiers, but I do not know them. Α. 22 In that occasion, were you given an Q. 23 opportunity to meet with the camp commander or warden? 24 A. I was not, but this soldier who was shouting 25 at us, he said, like this: "Whoever moves, don't you

1 dare move, because our commander is here. You have to 2 be quiet". However, one of those in the previous group 3 must have been on good relations with this soldier and 4 he asked: "Who was the commander", all he answered, he 5 was a fat man from Loncari, he just said "Aleksovski". 6 I remember that name because it is a strange surname 7 for us, it is usually a Macedonian surname. That is 8 how it stuck in my memory.

9 Q. In saying that, did he point to somebody who 10 was present in the hangar and was then supposed --

11 A. No, no. No, he did not.

12 Q. Can you describe more in detail, to whom you 13 did give your name? Have you been -- did somebody 14 interrogate you?

A. Yes, two soldiers were sitting there, one was writing things down, the other one was watching. They wrote down our names, first names, where we came from and that sort of thing. There was a great deal of fear amongst us so I do not remember very well all the things he asked us.

21 Q. Was the man who has been indicated as the 22 commander sitting behind his desk?

A. I thought it was the commander, the one who was not writing down anything. I thought he must be the man in charge, so I did look at him a little. He

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1 seemed to me to be fair, rather balding. I personally 2 thought that he was the one. Q. You do not think, or do you think you would 3 be able to recognise him? 4 I would not. 5 Α. Q. You have never had any other occasion to meet 6 7 with the camp commander during those days? 8 I may have met him, but I did not know him. Α. 9 Q. How long were you forced to stay in the hangar in that position, with your hands up and facing 10 11 the wall? 12 A. I think for more than two hours. 13 Q. Then did you spend the night there in the 14 hangar? 15 Α. Yes. We spent it in the hangar in a corner, on the concrete. It was cold. I was not dressed very 16 17 well, so I was freezing. 18 Q. Were you given food and if so, when? 19 Nothing until the next day. Α. 20 What happened the next day? Q. 21 The next day they immediately took about 20 Α. 22 men somewhere, but when they came back, they told us 23 they went to dig trenches, because we did not know 24 where they were taking them. Anyway, it was in the 25 area of Bare.

Q. Who called the prisoners off in order to send 1 them trench digging? 2 A. The names were called out by a soldier, 3 a soldier. 4 5 Q. You mean an HVO soldier? A. Yes. 6 Q. Did he read the names out of a list or just 7 did he choose the prisoners at random? 8 9 A. The first time he read out the names and then the following days he did not read the names, he 10 11 selected them. 12 Q. So, how long did you have to work trench 13 digging that day? 14 A. I did not go to trench digging that day, but 15 they went and they came back in the evening. 16 O. Did all of them come back? Did all of those 17 who had been chosen come back? 18 A. On that first day, I am not sure that they all returned, but the following days all of them did 19 20 not return. 21 Q. You mean not all of them? I did not understand the question. 22 Α. 23 How many were missing? Q. 24 Α. The first time I do not know. But the 25 following days, every time they came back someone was

1 missing. They said they were killed by a BiH army

2 sniper or something like that.

3 Q. What do you mean by saying "they"?

4 A. The HVO.

5 Q. And how did the prisoners who had returned to 6 the camp explain the fact that some of their fellows 7 were missing?

8 A. They knew by name who was missing, so they would say, for instance, "those two were wounded and 9 were transferred to the hospital at Nova Bila", so we 10 11 thought that they were, indeed, transferred to Nova 12 Bila; however, they are missing to this day. 13 Q. Now, let us go to your personal experience. 14 How many times were you taken trench digging during 15 your stay at Kaonik?

16 A. Twice.

17 Q. Where were you taken the first time?

18 A. I was taken to the village of Jelinak both19 times, both the first and the second time.

20 MR. MARCHESIELLO: May I introduce in evidence 21 the map you already know, of the area, please? 22 (Handed).

THE REGISTRAR: It is exhibit number 61.
MR. MARCHESIELLO: Now, Mr. Sivro, would you
please sign on the map the locations where you have

1 been taken trench digging with the pen? A. (Witness marked map). Shall I mark it with 2 the marker? 3 Q. Yes, mark it, please. While digging, or 4 5 anyway working, were you exposed to fire from the 6 opposing lines in the front? A. Yes. On the first day while I was digging, 7 we were led by a guard, an HVO soldier, through 8 a clearing where five or six of us -- all of us could 9 have got killed because a burst of fire was opened on 10 11 us. 12 Q. Tell us about the second time you were taken 13 trench digging. You said it was the same area, is it 14 not? 15 A. Yes, it was the same village. On that day too, when we were in that village, the village was 16 17 still burning. Some explosions could be heard. They 18 said that they were bombs left behind by the Muslims, 19 but it was obvious that it was the tiles or the 20 concrete that was exploding. 21 I was close to a garage that was burning and 22 there was coal inside. The concrete was red hot and 23 obviously it was cracking too. They said that these

24 were bombs that had been left behind by the Muslims.

 $25\,$  I mean the HVO soldiers said that, that these were

1 bombs and ammunition left behind.

The second time when I came to dig trenches it was during the night shift -- it was already dark, I do not exactly know what time it was -- until morning. If you want me to tell you all the details, I can.

7 Q. Yes, tell us the details.

8 A. When we got to the village of Jelinak on 9 board of a truck, there were about 20 to 25 of us. We 10 got off and then each of the guards or the soldiers 11 would take two to three of us, as many as he needed.

My task was to dig trenches at the end of the village, together with another colleague, along a river. They told us not to dig a real trench, but like a hole, three by two metres and, with another tall man, I only know his first name -- so that we dug all night.

In the morning, maybe about 5.00 roughly, the BiH army started shelling the village. The Croats, the HVO, were prepared for defence, as if they knew, and they said that they knew that the BiH army would attack that morning. They were shelling. However, close to me not a single shell fell, but we asked if we could at least stop working so as to avoid being hit. However, they would not let us stop working, we had to go on

1 digging.

In the morning, the attack started. The BiH 2 army, we heard when they had brought what we call 3 a tekbijr. Panic started amongst the HVO soldiers. We 4 were afraid too because if they came there, they would 5 probably think that we were soldiers too and shoot us. 6 7 So a guard who was responsible for us, he asked one of the commanders there: "What should I do 8 with the prisoners?" Just then, another two arrived, 9 probably from the nearby trenches. They were also 10 11 digging. They joined us. I was the last to come out 12 of this dug-out. Then the commander said that he 13 should take us to Loncari and kill us all. I got 14 frightened, of course. I thought it was the end, that 15 we would all be executed and he took us through the 16 village, the four of us.

However, towards the end of the village of Jelinak a man stopped us and he asked this soldier who was escorting us what was his password. He sort of mumbled or he did not know, and he said that we should not be taken anywhere but executed right there next to a house: "Why should you waste time taking them anywhere else?" This house is not on the road, but it is slightly uphill and we reached that house and face turned towards the wall.

1 But this man who was escorting us did not 2 want to kill us there. However, from that house, a fat 3 man emerged and he would not let him kill us. They 4 quarrelled for about 10 minutes and then he ordered that 5 we turn around. I am not sure whether it was this same 6 man that gave the order because we were facing the 7 wall.

8 When we turned around, perhaps their command was there. Anyway, they apparently agreed not to kill 9 us. He offered us cigarettes. I do not smoke. We 10 11 asked for water. We were given water. We were there 12 for about 10 minutes. Anyway, we were terrified. We 13 thought that death was inevitable. One of us four --I do not remember exactly who it was -- he said to the 14 rest of us to pray to God: "This is the end", and that 15 is what we believed. However, the one who brought us 16 17 there said we were going on.

Since I had heard the previous order given to him, I kept thinking of how I could get out of this situation and a chance occurred --

Q. I hate to interrupt you at this point, but -A. Never mind.

23 MR. MARCHESIELLO: I think that -- it will 24 probably -- I would like for him to go into details as 25 to his personal experience and I would not like to

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Witness: Meho Sivro (Open Session)
                                                                  Page 1081
          1 hurry him up. I hope your Honours will understand. It
            is not an easy story, even though it is short in terms
          2
            of time, but I would like to --
          3
          4
                       JUDGE RODRIGUES: Yes, we understand very
          5
            well.
          6
                       I should like to say to the witness that we
          7 have to adjourn for the moment. Therefore, tomorrow,
            we will meet again here. I think it is 5.30 and it is
          8
            time for us to adjourn until tomorrow.
          9
         10
                       (5.33 pm)
         11
                      (The hearing adjourned until 10.00 am
         12
                          on Wednesday, 4th March 1998)
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